

# ConnectCore® 9C/Wi-9C

Hardware Reference Manual

### Revision history—90000789

Revision	Date	Description	
Α	August, 2006	Initial release.	
В	February, 2007	Updated antenna graphics.	
С	May, 2007	Minor updates for the NetOS 7.2 release.	
D	June, 2010	Made minor corrections in content, images and tables.	
E	June, 2017	Updated branding and added statements for RED compliance.	

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### **About the Modules**

The ConnectCore 9C and ConnectCore Wi-9C modules are powerful ARM9-based modules in a compact and universal SO-DIMM (Small Outline Dual Inline Memory Module) form factor. The modules provide core processing functionality with integrated wired and wireless network connectivity and a complete set of peripheral options in a footprint-compatible interchangeable SO-DIMM form factor that allows you to optimize your system for either Ethernet, WLAN, or both.

- The ConnectCore 9C provides 10/100 Ethernet connectivity only.
- The ConnectCore Wi-9C provides both 10/100 Ethernet and 802.11b/g wireless networking capabilities.
- All modules are fully compliant with EU directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS).

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### **Common module features**

- 32-bit NS9360 high performance RISC processor @ 155 MHz
- Up to 256 MB Flash and 256 MB SDRAM
- Compact SO-DIMM (Small Outline-Dual Inline Memory Module) design
- Low power consumption
- Industrial/extended operating temperature
- 10/100 Mbps Ethernet interface with optional on-board RJ-45 connector
- IEEE802.3af compliant power pass-through (mid-span and end-span)
- Up to four high-speed serial ports UART and SPI mode configurable
- I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface
- USB 2.0 Host and Device interfaces
- Optional on-board USB Host connector
- Integrated LCD controller
- Up to eight independent 16-/32-bit programmable timers, counters, or four PWM functions
- Four programmable external interrupts
- Up to 55 shared General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) ports
  - Up to seven high-current (8mA) pins
- 8-bit wide data/address bus with external chip select
- Processor-powered on-chip Real-Time Clock (RTC)
- Population options available (processor speed, memory, connectors)

#### Wi-9C specific features

- 802.11b/g WLAN interface
- WEP, WPA, and WPA2/802.11i security standard
- Single or dual-diversity antenna options

#### **Memory**

The module's standard memory configuration is 4 MB Flash and 16 MB SDRAM.

### **Memory clocks**

Memory clocks = 77.5 MHz

About the Modules Other system clocks

- Not available for off-DIMM use
- clk\_out[0] Not used; turned off by code
- clk\_out[1] Connected to clk\_in
- clk\_out[2] Used for one bank of two X16 SDRAMS
- — Not used

#### Other system clocks

- Source clock is a 29.4912 MHz crystal or spread spectrum oscillator.
- USB uses a 48.000 MHz oscillator
- Ethernet versions have a 25.0000 MHz crystal

#### **Interfaces**

The ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module supports several system interfaces. This section details the features of these interfaces.

#### **Ethernet**

The module provides a 10/100 Mbps Ethernet interface with optional on-board RJ-45 connector and integrated LEDs. On modules not populated with the RJ-45 connector, the Ethernet PHY signals are available on the SO-DIMM edge connector.

- Full-duplex or half-duplex
- Station, broadcast, or multicast address filtering
- 2 kB RX FIFO
- 256-byte TX FIFO with on-chip buffer descriptor ring
- Separate TX and RX DMA channels
- Intelligent receive-side buffer size selection
- Full statistics gathering support
- External CAM filtering support

#### **WLAN**

The ConnectCore Wi-9C provides integrated 802.11b/g wireless networking capabilities.

Standard compliance: IEEE 802.11g-2003

Frequency: 2.4 GHz

Data rates: Up to 54 Mbps with fallback

Modulation:

- DBPSK (1 Mbps)
- DQPSK (2 Mbps)
- CCK (5.5, 11 Mbps)
- BPSK (6, 9 Mbps)

About the Modules Interfaces

- QPSK (12, 18 Mbps)
- 16-QAM (24, 36 Mbps)
- 64-QAM (48, 54 Mbps)

Transmit power: 12 dBm typical

Receive sensitivity:

Receive sensitivity

Data Rate	MIN	ТҮР	
11Mbps	-76 dBm	-87 dBm	
54Mbps	-65 dBm	-73 dBm	

Antenna connectors: U.FL or RP-SMA

Dual-diversity: Available on modules with two U.FL or RP-SMA connectors

#### USB 2.0 host and device

- USB v2.0 full speed (12 Mbps) and low speed (1.5 Mbps)
- Independent OHCI Host and Device ports
- Internal USB PHY
- External USB PHY interface

The module provides a population option for a four-port hub with onboard dual-connector (500mA, 5V only) and full speed/low speed support.

#### Serial

- Bit rates from 75 bps to 921.6 kbps: asynchronous mode
- Bit rates from 1.2 kbps to 11.25 Mbps: synchronous mode
- UART provides:
  - High performance hardware and software flow control
  - Odd, even, or no parity
  - 5, 6, 7, or 8 bits
  - 1 or 2 stop bits
  - · Receive-side character and buffer gap timers
- Four receive-side data match detectors
- Two dedicated DMA channels per module; 8 channels total
- 32 byte TX FIFO and 32 byte RX FIFO per module

#### I<sup>2</sup>C

- I<sup>2</sup>C v.1.0 configurable to master or slave
- Bit rates: fast (400 kHz) or normal (100 kHz) with clock stretching

- 7-bit and 10-bit address modes
- Supports I<sup>2</sup>C bus arbitration

#### **External Memory bus**

- 8-bit address bus
- 8-bit data bus
- 1 external chip select

#### **LCD**

- Dual 64-deep, 32-bit wide FIFOs for buffering incoming display data
- Support for color and monochrome single- and dual-panel for Super Twisted Nematic (STN) displays with 4- or 8-bit interfaces
- Support for Thin Film Transistor (TFT) color displays
- Resolution up to 800 x 600 pixels
- 15 gray-level mono, 3375 color STN, and 64K color TFT support
  - Patented gray-scale algorithm
- 1, 2, or 4 bits-per-pixel (bpp) palettized displays for mono STN
- 1, 2, 4, or 8 bpp palettized color displays for STN and TFT
- 16 bpp true-color non-palettized, for color STN and TFT
- Programmable timing for different display panels
- 256 entry, 16-bit palette RAM, arranged as a 128 x 32-bit RAM
- Frame, line, and pixel clock signals
- AC bias signal for STN, data enable signal for TFT panels
- Support for multiple data formats

#### **ConnectCore 9C configurations**

The ConnectCore 9C module is available in these base configurations:

- **Fully populated.** A fully populated module includes on-board Ethernet PHY, Ethernet magnetics with RJ-45, a USB hub and Type A female connector.
- With Ethernet but no USB Host. With this setup, Ethernet PHY or Ethernet magnetics with RJ-45 are on the module. The module does not have an on-board USB hub and Type A female connector, although USB Host and Device signals are available on the edge connector.

■ **No additional on-board connectors.** With this setup, there is no Ethernet RJ-45 with integrated magnetics on the module, but does have the Ethernet PHY. The module does not hav an on-board USB Hub and type A female connector.

**Note** Modules without an on-board Ethernet connector provide the Ethernet PHY signals through the SO-DIMM edge connector.

Modules with on-board USB hub ahave access to hub ports 3 and 4 through the SO-DIMM edge conector.

Modules withouth on-board USB hub have access to HDM!, DP1, GPIO16, and GPIO17 through the SO-DIMM connector.

All modules have access to the USB device only signals which require an external PHY through the SO-DIMM connector (see appendix A, USB Device only Table).

Design aid schematics are available for interfacing to all of the module versions.

See the cc9c-wi-9c\_baseboard\_design\_aids file at www.digi.com/support > ConnectCore 9C or ConnectCore Wi-9C documentation.

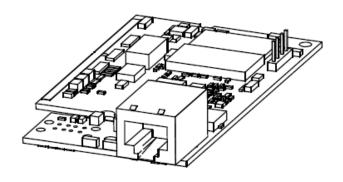
See the table in Module / SO-DIMM signal characteristics.

Additional population options are available. For information, contact your local Digi sales office or distributor.

#### **Configuration diagrams**

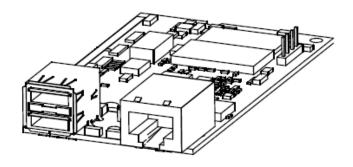
The diagrams in this section show configurations for the ConnectCore 9C module, illustrated with top and edge views.

#### Standard configuration with Ethernet without USB



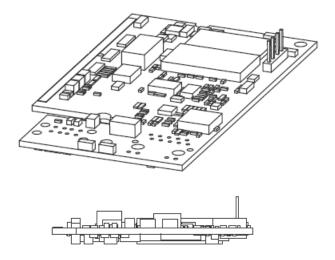


With Ethernet and USB





#### Without Ethernet and USB



### **ConnectCore Wi-9C configurations**

The ConnectCore Wi-9C module is available in these base configurations:

- Fully populated, 2xRP-SMA. A fully populated module using RP-SMA includes on-board Ethernet PHY, Ethernet magnetics with RJ-45, a USB hub and Type A female connector, and two RP-SMA connectors.
- With Ethernet, without USB, and with single RP-SMA. With this setup, Ethernet PHY or Ethernet magnetics with RJ-45 are on the module. The module does not have an on-board USB hub and Type A female connector. There is one RP-SMA connector.

■ No additional on-board connectors, with single RP-SMA. With this setup, there is no Ethernet RJ-45 with integrated magnetics on the module. There is one RP-SMA connector with the Ethernet PHY. The module does not have an on-board USB Hub and Type A female connector.

**Note** Modules without an on-board Ethernet connector provide the Ethernet PHY signals through the SO-DIMM edge connector.

■ With Ethernet, without USB, and with 2xU.FL. With this setup, Ethernet PHY or Ethernet magnetics with RJ-45 are on the module. The module does not have an on-board USB hub and Type A female connector, although USB Host and Device signals are available on the edge connector. There are two U.FLconnectors.

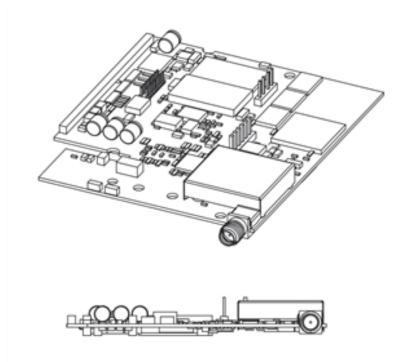
Additional population options are available. For information, contact your local Digi sales office or distributor.

#### **Configuration diagrams**

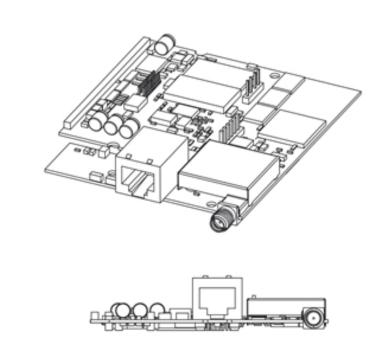
The diagrams in this section show configurations for the ConnectCore Wi-9C module, illustrated with top and edge views.

### **Standard configuration**

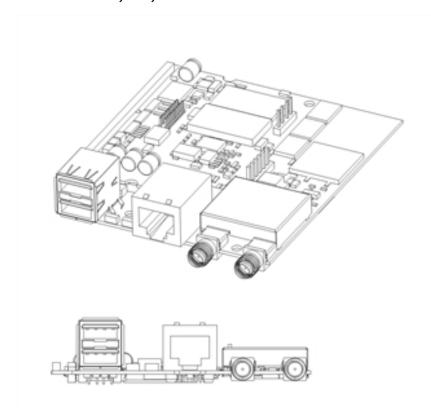
No Ethernet, No USB, With 1xRP-SMA connector



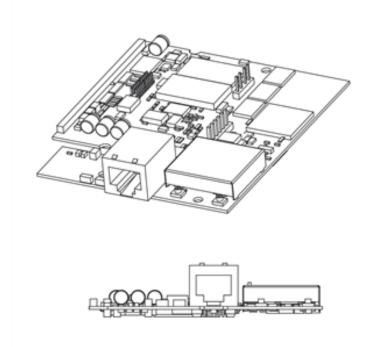
With Ethernet and 1xRP-SMA connector, no USB



Fully populated with Ethernet, USB, and 2xRP-SMA connectors



With Ethernet and 2xU.FL connectors, no USB



# What's on the module?

This chapter describes the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C modules. See Module specification for the mechanical specifications and electrical characteristics of the modules.

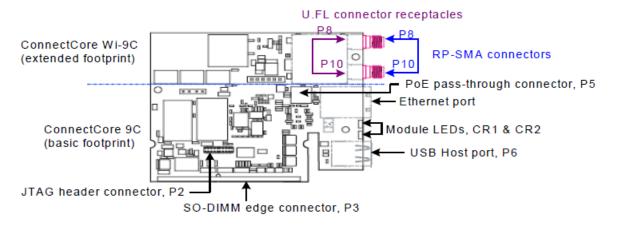
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What's on the module?

Module layout

### **Module layout**

The module design you use depends on whether you want to use the ConnectCore Wi-9C wireless capabilities. The basic footprint for the ConnectCore 9C and ConnectCore Wi-9C is the same; an extension of the footprint provides the active components and antenna connectors for wireless functionality.



**Note** The ConnectCore Wi-9C module is populated with either one RP-SMA connector, two RP-SMA connectors, or 2 U.FL connectors (see About the Modules for all module configuration options). The U.FL connectors are located in the same positions as the RP-SMA connectors, but do not extend past the edge of the module.

#### **Ethernet connector**

The Ethernet connector is an 8-wire RJ-45 jack with integrated magnetics that meets the ISO 8877 requirements for 10/100BASE-T. The connector provides both Ethernet interface pins (in the upper portion) and two integrated LEDs (in the lower portion).



#### **Ethernet connector pins**

There are eight Ethernet connector pins in the upper portion of the connector. Pin 1 is in the upper left corner of the connector, above the yellow LED. Pins 4, 5, 7, and 8 are used with Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) only (see <a href="Ethernet connector pins">Ethernet connector pins</a>).

Pin	Signal	802.3af End-Span (Mode A)	802.3af Mid-Span (Mode B)	Description
1	TXD+	Negative V <sub>Port</sub>		Transmit data +
2	TXD-	Negative V <sub>Port</sub>		Transmit data -
3	RXD+	Positive V <sub>Port</sub>		Receive data +
4	EPWR+		Positive V <sub>Port</sub>	Power from switch +
5	EPWR+		Positive V <sub>Port</sub>	Power from switch +
6	RXD-	Positive V <sub>Port</sub>		Receive data -
7	EPWR-		Negative V <sub>Port</sub>	Power from switch
8	EPWR-		Negative V <sub>Port</sub>	Power from switch

#### **Ethernet LEDs**

The RJ-45 connector has two LEDs located near the outer lower corners of the Ethernet port. These LEDs are controlled by the Ethernet PHY on the module, and are not programmable.

LED	Description	
Green	Network link: On indicates an active network link; Off indicates that no network link is present.	
Yellow	Network activity: Flashing when network traffic detected; Off when no network traffic detected.	

## 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE) pass-through connector, P5

The PoE pass-through connector, P5, mates with the P20 header on the development board. This PoE pass-through feature passes PoE power connections from the Ethernet signal cable to the user's equipment through P5. The PoE feature provides a power source for compliant "powered" equipment, and is nominally 48VDC with a possible 30–57VDC 13 W maximum range.

What's on the module?

Module LEDs



### **Connector description**

Pin	Signal	Description	
1 TX_CT Ethernet transformer transmit CT		Ethernet transformer transmit CT	
2	RJ45_7/8	Ethernet connector pins 7 and 8	
3	RX_CT	Ethernet transformer receive CT	
4 RJ45_4/5 Ethernet connector pins 4 and 5		Ethernet connector pins 4 and 5	

### **PoE support**

If you are planning to add PoE support to your product, see the most recent revision of the IEEE 802.3af specification available at hthttp://www.ieee802.org/3/af/. The document provides detailed information about the standard and its proper implementation.

#### **Module LEDs**

By default, the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C modules use the CR1 and CR2 LEDs as described:

- **ConnectCore Wi-9C module:** To indicate WLAN-related information, such as association status and network activity.
- ConnectCore 9C and Wi-9C modules: CR1 will flash a repeating blink pattern in a major system failure; for example, a processor exception or Power on Self Test failure.

The ConnectCore Wi-9C LED assignments can be reassigned; that is, you can use different GPIOs to drive CR1/CR2 LEDs.



#### **Description**

ID	Connects to	Default	Description
CR1	GPIO67	Off	Setting to output logic "0" turns on the LED.
CR2	GPIO66	Off	Setting to output logic "0" turns on the LED.

#### ConnectCore Wi-9C default use

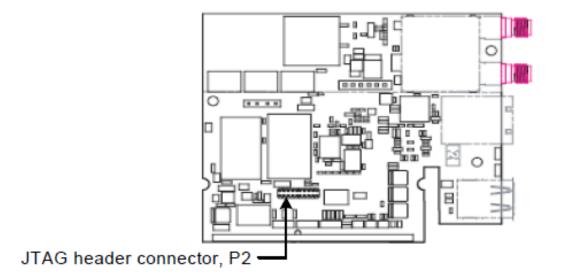
ID	Color	LED	Blink pattern	Status/Activity
CR1	Green	Link integrity	On	The unit is associated to an access point (infrastructure mode)
			Slow	The unit is in ad-hoc mode
			Quick	The unit is scanning for a network
CR2	Yellow	Network activity	Blinking	Network traffic is received or transmitted
			Off	Network is idle

Note The network activity LED is used for diagnostic purposed during boot-up.

### JTAG 20-pin header connector, P2

The JTAG connector is a standard, male, ARM 20-pin pinout in a miniature connector, with a 50-mil pitch. A JTAG adapter, which ships with each Jump Start kit, expands the JTAG connector to a 100 mil pitch. Use the included JTAG adapter to connect the debugger.

The JTAG connector on the module is *keyed*, as are the two connectors on the JTAG adapter, which means there is only one way to attach ribbon cables to the module and JTAG adapter. For details, see JTAG adapter assembly.



# Pin assignment

Pin	Signal	Description
1	3.3V	ARM9 I/O supply
2	3.3V	ARM9 I/O supply
3	TRST#	Test mode reset
4	GND	Ground
5	TDI	Test data in
6	GND	Ground
7	TMS	Test mode select
8	GND	Ground
9	TCK	Test clock
10	GND	Ground
11	RTCK	Returned test clock (ARM core only)
12	GND	Ground
13	TDO	Test data out
14	GND	Ground
15	DBSRST#	System reset
16	GND	Ground
17	N/A	N/A

Pin	Signal	Description
18	GND	Ground
19	BISTEN#	ARM9 mode select:  Debug = Pull high: 220 ohms to pin 2 (3.3V)  Boundary scan / normal = Pull low: 220 ohms to pin 20 (GND)
20	GND	Ground

#### JTAG adapter assembly

Use the JTAG adapter assembly, shipped with the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C Jump Start Kit, to attach your debugger to the module. The JTAG adapter assembly consists of the Digi JTAG Link USB debugger with a ribbon cable attached and the JTAG adapter with a ribbon cable attached. The Jump Start Kit also includes a USB cable.

The two connectors on the JTAG adapter are *keyed*, as is the JTAG connector header (P2) on the module. Keyed connectors eliminate cable attachment errors by ensuring that there is only one way to mate the connectors.

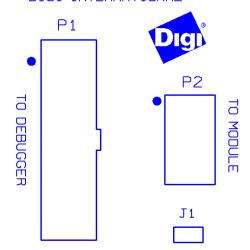
#### JTAG adapter

The JTAG adapter has two 20-pin connectors, P1 and P2.

- **P1** is a keyed male connector into which you attach the debugger's ribbon cable.
- **P2** is a keyed male connector into which you attach the ribbon cable that plugs into the module.
- **J1** is a jumper that determines the mode in which the module operates: debug or boundary scan. Depending on the JTAG adaptor you are using, J1 has either two pins or three pins.

This drawing shows the JTAG adapter with a 2-pin J1 header.

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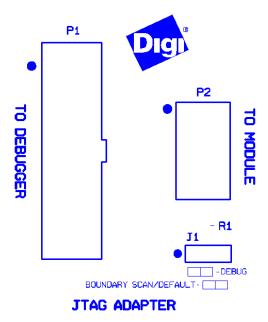


For **debug** mode — Do not plug a jumper onto J1.

For **boundary scan** mode — Plug a jumper onto J1.

For the 3-pin version having pins 1 and 2 jumpered puts you into debug mode, this again is the 'default' mode. Having pins 2 and 3 jumpered puts you into a boundry scan mode.

This drawing shows the JTAG adapter with a 3-pin J1 header. The pin positions for debug and boundary scan are shown in the lower right of the drawing:



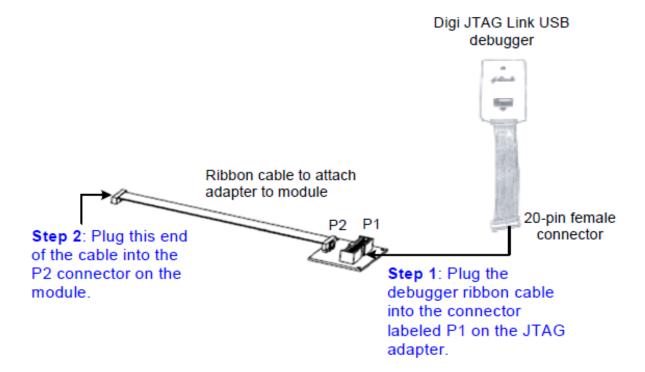
For **debug** mode — Plug a jumper on pins 1 and 2.

For **boundary scan** mode (the default) — Plug a jumper on pins 2 and 3.

#### **Assembly**

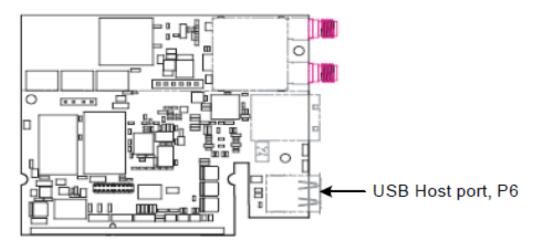
- 1. Plug the debugger ribbon cable into the connector labeled P1 on the JTAG adapter.
- 2. Plug the adapter ribbon cable (attached to P2 on the adapter) into the P2 connector on the module.

What's on the module? USB Host connector, P6



#### **USB Host connector, P6**

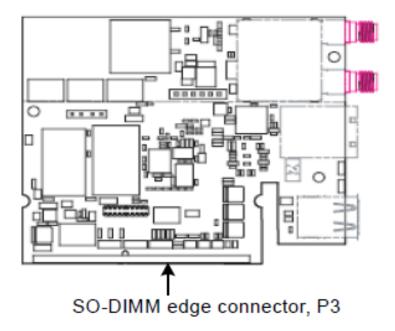
When populated, the USB Host connector is on the same side of the module as the Ethernet connector, separated from the Ethernet connector by CR1 and CR2.



See USB interface for information about the USB interface.

### Edge connector, P3 ConnectCore 9C and Wi-9C

The edge connector is a 144-pin SO-DIMM connector located on the short edge of the module. P3 mates with P15 (also a 144-position SO-DIMM connector) on the development board or an SO-DIMM connector on your design.



Note The clearance underneath the module and development board should be 2.54mm (0.10").

### Pin assignment

The next tables show information for all pins on the edge connector, in DIMM pin order. For additional SO-DIMM pin characteristics, see Module / SO-DIMM signal characteristics.

Some signals are multiplexed to two different GPIO pins, to maximize the number of possible applications. The primary/duplicate signals are noted in the Notes column in the table. Using the primary GPIO pin and the duplicate pin for the same function is not recommended.

**Note** Functions in parentheses are duplicates; for example, pin 63 has two entries in the LCD column: CLD6 and (CLD10). CLD10 is a duplicate signal for pin 63; the Notes column identifies the primary function for that signal.

- A # next to a signal indicates that this signal is active low.
- A **bold** value in the System / Other / Bootstrap column indicates the bootstrap signal.

# Pin assignment by SO-DIMM pin number

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
1	GND									Common GND return
2	GND									Common GND return
3	+3.3V									Power to module
4	+3.3V									Power to module
5	+3.3V									Power to module
6	+3.3V									Power to module
7	WAKEUP#	System								Wi-9C: WAKEUP# / Reserved
8	BUFFEN R#	System								Use to isolate bootstrap GPIOs from external loading
9	DATA_0	Data bus								CSO parallel port
10	DATA_1	Data bus								CSO parallel port
11	DATA_2	Data bus								CSO parallel port

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
12	DATA_3	Data bus								CSO parallel port
13	DATA_4	Data bus								CSO parallel port
14	DATA_5	Data bus								CSO parallel port
15	DATA_6	Data bus								CSO parallel port
16	DATA_7	Data bus								CSO parallel port
17	ADDRESS_	Address bus								CSO parallel port
18	ADDRESS_	Address bus								CSO parallel port
19	GND									Common GND return
20	GND									Common GND return
21	ADDRESS_ 2	Address bus								CSO parallel port
22	MFGI_ GPIO[72]									Reserved 15K pull-up on module
23	ADDRESS_3	Address bus								CSO parallel port

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
24	GPIO[71]				ii c_ sd a					GPIO[71]: Output drive 8mA iic_sda: Primary on GPIO[35] 15K (cc9c) or 2k4 (wi- 0c) pull-up on module Wi-9C uses iic_sda @ addr A2/A3 on module.
25	ADDRESS_ 4	Address bus								CSO parallel port
26	GPIO[70]				ii c_ scl					GPIO[70]: Output drive 8mA iic_scl: Primary on GPIO[34] 15K (cc9c) or 2k4 (wi- 0c) pull-up on module Wi-9C uses iic_sda @ addr A2/A3 on module.
27	ADDRESS_ 5	Address bus								CSO parallel port

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
28	GPIO[69]								IRQ1	GPIO[69]: Output drive 8mA IRQ1: Primary on GPIO[07]
										15K pullup if not used
29	GND									Common GND return
30	GND									Common GND return
31	GPIO[27]		DC D_D	ENB L_D			CLD3		TIME R4	
32	No connect									
33	GPIO[26]		RI_ D	CLK_ D			CLD2		TIME R3	
34	GPIO[67]									Reserved: CR1- Green user LED+MFGO Output drive 8mA
35	GPIO[25]		DS R_D				CLD1			
36	GPIO[66]									Reserved: CR2- Yellow user LED+ F/F resed on module. Output drive 8mA

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
37	GPIO[24]	BS: CS1_ MSB	DT R_D				CLD0			
38	GPIO[23]		DC D_C	ENB L_C			LINE_END			
39	GND									Common GND return
40	GND									Common GND return
41	GPIO[47]		CT S_D			RXD-		PINIT#		RXD-: Only used for unidirectio nal PHY
42	GPIO[22]		RI_ C	CLK_ C			CLAC			
43	GPIO[46]		RT S_D			RXD+		PAFD#		RXD+: Only used for unidirectio nal PHY
44	GPIO[21]		DS R_C				CLFP VSYNC			
45	GPIO[45]		RX D_D	DIN_ D		RCV		PSTB#		
46	GPIO[20]	BS: CS1_ LSB	DT R_C				CLCP/LDCCL KO			GPIO[20]: Output drive 8mA
47	GPIO[44]	BS: Endian Pull down for Big Endian	TX D_D	DOU T_D		OE		PSELO		

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
48	GPIO[43]		CT S_C			DATA-		PDIR		Add 10- 15K pullup if not used
49	GND									Common GND return
50	GND									Common GND return
51	GPIO[38]						CLD14	PD7	PWM 2	PWM2: Duplicate on GPIO [13]
52	GPIO[42]		RT S_C			DATA +				Add 10- 15K pullup if not used
53	GPIO[36]						CLD12	PD5	PWM 0	PWM0: Duplicate on GPIO [10]
54	GPIO[41]		RX D_C	DIN_ C			CLD17			
55	GPIO[34]				SC L		CLD10	PD3		SCL: Duplicate on GPIO [70] Wi-9C uses 12_CSDA on GPIO [71] CLD10: Duplicate on GPIO [30]
56	GPIO[40]		TX D_C	DOU T_C			CLD16		IRQ3	IRQ3: Duplicate on GPIO [18]

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
57	GPIO[32]						CLD8	PD1	IRQ2	CLD8: Duplicate on GPIO [28] IRQ2: Duplicate on GPIO [11]
58	GPIO[39]						CLD15	PD8	PWM 3	PWM3: Duplicate on GPIO [14]
59	GND									Common GND return
60	GND									Common GND return
61	GND									Common GND return
62	GND									Common GND return
63	GPIO[30]						CLD6 (CLD10)		TIME R6	CLD10: Primary on GPIO[34]
64	GPIO[37]						CLD13	PD6	PWM 1	PWM1: Duplicate on GPIO [12]
65	GPIO[28]						CLD4 (CLD8)		IRQ1	CLD8: Primary on GPIO[32] IRQ1: Primary on GPIO[07]

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
66	GPIO[35]				SD A		CLD11	PD4		SDA: Duplicate on GPIO [71] Wi-9C usese 12C_SDA on GPIO [71] CLD11: Primary on GPIO[13]
67	GPIO[15]		DC D_A	ENBL A			LCDCLKI		TIME R2	
68	GPIO[33]						CLD9	PD2		CLD9: Duplicate on GPIO [29]
69	GPIO[14]		RI_ A	CLK A					PWM 3 TIME R1	PWM3: Primary on GPIO[39] TIMER1: Duplicate on GPIO [00]
70	GPIO[31]						CLD7 (CLD11)		TIME R7	CLD11: Primary on GPIO[35] TIMER7: Duplicate on GPIO [06]
71	GND									Common GND return
72	GND									Common GND return

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
73	GPIO[13]		DS R_A						PWM 2 IRQ0	PWM2: Primary on GPIO[38] IRQ0: Primary on GPIO[01]
74	GPIO[29]						CLD5 (CLD9)		TIME R5	CLD9: Primary on GPIO[33]
75	GPIO[12]	BS: ND3	DT R_A						PWM 1	PWM1: Primary on GPIO[37]
76	GPIO[07]	NAND Ver. SPI_ ENB#	DC D_B	ENB L_B					IRQ1	IRQ1: Duplicate on GPIO [28]
77	GPIO[11]	NAND Ver. SPI_CLK	CT S_A						TIME R0 IRQ2	TIMERO: Primary on GPIO[02] IRQ2: Primary on GPIO[32]
78	GPIO[06]		RI_ B	CLK_ B				PFAUL T#	TIME R7	PFAULT: Primary on GPIO[16] TIMERT: Primary on GPIO[31]
79	GPIO[10]	BS: ND2	RT S_A						PWM 0	PWM0: Primary on GPIO[36]
80	GPIO[05]		DS R_B					PERR		
81	GND									Common GND return

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
82	GND									Common GND return
83	GPIO[09]		RX D_A	DIN_ A						
84	GPIO[04]	BS: ND0	DT R_B					PBUSY		
85	GPIO[08]	BS: ND1	TX D_A	DOU T_A						
86	GPIO[03]	NAND Ver. NAND BSY#	CT S_B					PACK#		
87	GPIO[19]	BS: PLL_ BYP					CLLP/ HSYNC			PLL_BYP: Reserved. Do not pull down
88	GPIO[02]	BS: FS1	RT S_B						TIME R0	TIMERO: Duplicate on GPIO [11]
89	GPIO[18]						CLPOWER		IRQ3	IRQ3: Primary on GPIO[40]
90	GPIO[01]	NAND VEr. SPI_ RXD	RX D_B	DIN_ B					IRQ0	IRQ0: Duplicate on GPIO [13]
91	OE#	Output enable								CSO parallel port
92	GPIO[00]	BS: FS0 NAND Ver. SPT_ TXD	TX D_B	DOU T_B					TIME R1	TIMER1: Primary on GPIO[14]

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
93	GND									Common GND return
94	GND									Common GND return
95	WE#	Write enable								CSO parallel port
96	GPIO[49]	BS: CS_ POL				SPD		PLH		
97	CS#	Chip select								CSO parallel port
98	GPIO[48]					SUSP		PSELI		
99	TXB+R	Etherne t								Remote if no Ether net connector on Module
100	TXA+R	Etherne t								Remote if no Ether net connector on Module
101	GND									Common GND return
102	GND									Common GND return
103	TXB-R	Etherne t								Remote if no Ether net connector on Module

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
104	TXA-R	Etherne t								Remote if no Ether net connector on Module
105	RST#	System								Hardware reset (input; active LOW; minimum pulse width 10uS) 15K pull-up on module
106	ACT_LED#	Etherne t								Reserved
107	BOOTMUX R#	System								Remote if no Ether net connector on Module
108	LNK_LED	Etherne t								Remote if no Ether net connector on Module

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
109	GPIO[16]					OVR H#		PFAUL T#	PWM 0	OVRH#: USB overcurren t input. Available as GPIO on modules with USB hub or Ethernet only. Not available as GPIO if an external Host USB port is implement ed using DM1 and DP1.  PFAULT#: Primary on GPIO[06] PWM0: Duplicate on GPIO [10]
110	ADDRESS_ 6	Address bus								CSO parallel port

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	I2 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
111	GPIO[17]	ND4				PON H#				PONH#: USB power on output. Available as GPIO on modules with USB hub or Ethernet only. Not available as GPIO if an external Host USB port is implement ed using DM1 and DP1.
112	ADDRESS_ 7	Address b us								CSO parallel port
113	OVR3#									USB port 3 overcurren t Remote if Hub on module
114	OVR4#									USB port 4 overcurren t Remote if Hub on module
115	PON3#									USB port 3 power-on Remote if Hub on module

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
116	PON4#									USB port 4 power-on Remote if Hub on module
117	OVR1#									USB port 1 overcurren t Reserved for future use; no connect
118	OVR2#									USB port 2 overcurren t Reserved for future use; no connect
119	PON1#									USB port 1 power-on Reserved for future use; no connect
120	PON2#									USB port 2 power-on Reserved for future use; no connect
121	GND									Common GND return
122	GND									Common GND return

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
123	DM4									USB port 4 data (-) Remote if Hub on module
124	DP4									USB port 4 data (+) Remote if Hub on modulet
125	GND									Common GND return
126	GND									Common GND return
127	DM3									USB port 3 data (-) Remote if Hub on module
128	DP3									USB port 3 data (+) Remote if Hub on module
129	GND									Common GND return
130	GND									Common GND return
131	DM2									USB port 2 data (-) Reserved for future use; no connect

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
132	DP2									USB port 2 data (+) Reserved for future use; no connect
133	GND									Common GND return
134	GND									Common GND return
135	DM1									USB port 1 data (-) Remote if no USB on module
136	DP1									USB port 1 data (+) Remote if no USB on module
137	GND									Common GND return
138	GND									Common GND return
139	+5V									Power to USB, if used (Used only with a module with on- board USB)

Dim m Pin	Signal	BootStr ap (BS) / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
140	+5V									Power to USB, if used (Used only with a module with on- board USB)
141	+5V									Power to USB, if used (Used only with a module with on- board USB)
142	+5V									Power to USB, if used (Used only with a module with on- board USB)
143	GND									Common GND return
144	GND									Common GND return

**Note** When using the ConnectCore 9C or ConnectCore Wi-9C you'll want to pay attention to when the BUFFENR line (pin 8) goes low, as this means the GPIO pins are ready to be used. Creating any kind of load or driving the GPIO pins during boot up (before the BUFFENR line goes low) can cause the NS9360 processor to enter an unknown state.

# Pin assignment by GPIO

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	I2 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [00]	92	BS: FS0 NAND Ver. SPI_ TXD	TX D_B	DOU T_B					TIMER 1	TIMER1: Primary on GPIO[14]
GPIO [01]	90	Nand Ver. SPI_ RXD	RX D_B	DIN_ B					IRQ0	IRQ0: Duplicate on GPIO[13]
GPIO [02]	88	BS: FS1	RT S_B						TIMER 0	TIMERO: Duplicate on GPIO[11]
GPIO [03]	86	NAND VER. NAND BSY#	CT S_B					PACK#		
GPIO [04]	84	BS: ND0	DT R_B					PBUSY		
GPIO [05]	80		DS R_B					PERR		
GPIO [06]	78	NAND Ver. SPI_ CLK	RI_B	CLK_ B				PFAUL T#	TIMER 7	PFAULT: Primary on GPIO[16] TIMER7: Primary on GPIO[31]
GPIO [07]	76	NAND Ver. SPI ENB#	DC D_B	ENB L_B					IRQ1	IRQ1: Duplicate on GPIO[28]
GPIO [08]	85	BS: ND1	TX D_A	DOU T_A						
GPIO [09]	83		RX D_A	DIN_A						
GPIO [10]	79	BS: ND2	RT S_A						PWM0	PWM0: Primary on GPIO[36]

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [11]	77		CT S_A						TIMER 0 IRQ2	TIMERO: Primary on GPIO[02] IRQ2: Primary on GPIO[32]
GPIO [12]	75	BS: ND3	DT R_A						PWM1	PWM1: Primary on GPIO[37]
GPIO [13]	73		DS R_A						PWM2 IRQ0	PWM2: Primary on GPIO[38] IRQ0: Primary on GPIO[01]
GPIO [14]	69		RI_A	CLK_ A					PWM3 TIMER 1	PWM3: Primary on GPIO[39] TIMER1: Duplicate on GPIO[00]
GPIO [15]	67		DC D_A	ENB L_A			LCDCLKI		TIMER 2	

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [16]	109					OVR H#		PFAUL T#	PWM0	OVRH#: USB overcurrent input. Available as GPIO on modules with USB hub or Ethernet only, used for external USB Host support.  PFAUL#T: Primary on GPIO[06] PWM0: Duplicate on GPIO[10]
GPIO [17]	111	ND4				PON H#				PONH#: USB power on output. Available as GPIO on modules with USB hub or Ethernet only, used for external USB Host support.
GPIO [18]	89						CLPOWER		IRQ3	IRQ3: Primary on GPIO[40]
GPIO [19]	87	BS: PLL_ BYP					CLLP/HSYNC			PLL_BYP: Reserved. Do not pull down

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [20]	46	BS: CS1_LSB	DT R_C				CLCP/LDCCL KO			GPIO[20]: Output drive 8mA
GPIO [21]	44		DS R_C				CLFP VSYNC			
GPIO [22]	42		RI_C	CLK_ C			CLAC			
GPIO [23]	38		DC D_C	ENB L_C			CLLE			
GPIO [24]	37	BS: CS1_ MSB	DT R_D				CLD0			
GPIO [25]	35		DS R_D				CLD1			
GPIO [26]	33		RI_D	CLK_ D			CLD2		TIMER 3	
GPIO [27]	31		DC D_D	ENB L_D			CLD3		TIMER 4	
GPIO [28]	65						CLD4 (CLD8)		IRQ1	CLD8: Primary on GPIO[32] IRQ1: Primary on GPIO[07]
GPIO [29]	74						CLD5 (CLD9)		TIMER 5	CLD9: Primary on GPIO[33]
GPIO [30]	63						CLD6 (CLD10)		TIMER 6	CLD10: Primary on GPIO[34]
GPIO [31]	70						CLD7 (CLD11)		TIMER 7	CLD11: Primary on GPIO[35] TIMER7: Duplicate on GPIO[06]

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [32]	57						CLD8	PD1	IRQ2	CLD8: Duplicate on GPIO[28] IRQ2: Duplicate on GPIO[11]
GPIO [33]	68						CLD9	PD2		CLD9: Duplicate on GPIO[29]
GPIO [34]	55				SC L		CLD10	PD3		Duplicate on GPIO[70] Wi-9C uses 12C_SCL on GPIO[70 Cld10: Duplicate on GPIO[30]
GPIO [35]	66				SD A		CLD11	PD4		SDA: Duplicate on GPIO[71] Wi-9c uses 12C_SDA on GPIO[71] CLD11: Primary on GPIO[13]
GPIO [36]	53						CLD12	PD5	PWM0	PWM0: Duplicate on GPIO[10]
GPIO [37]	64						CLD13	PD6	PWM1	PWM1: Duplicate on GPIO[12]
GPIO [38]	51						CLD14	PD7	PWM2	PWM2: Duplicate on GPIO[13]
GPIO [39]	58						CLD15	PD8	PWM3	PWM3: Duplicate on GPIO[14]

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [40]	56		TX D_C	DOU T_C			CLD16		IRQ3	IRQ3: Duplicate on GPIO[18]
GPIO [41]	54		RX D_C	DIN_ C			CLD17			
GPIO [42]	52		RT S_C			DATA+				Add 10-15K pullup if not used
GPIO [43]	48		CT S_C			DATA-		PDIR		Add 10-15K pullup if not used
GPIO [44]	47	BS: Endian Pull down for Big Endian	TX D_D	DOU T_D		OE		PSELO		
GPIO [45]	45		RX D_D	DIN_ D		RCV		PSTB#		
GPIO [46]	43		RT S_D			RXD+		PAFD#		<b>RXD+</b> : Only used for unidirection al PHY
GPIO [47]	41		CT S_D			RXD-		PINIT#		<b>RXD-:</b> Only used for unidirection al PHY
GPIO [48]	98					SUSP		PSELI		
GPIO [49]	96	BS: CS_ POL				SPD		PLH		
GPIO [65]										IRQ1

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [66]	36									Reserved: CR2- Yellow user LED F/F reset on module Output drive 8mA
GPIO [67]	34									Reserved: CR1- Green user LED + MFGO Output drive 8mA MFGO_CR1
GPIO [68]	NC									No connect
GPIO [69]	28								IRQ1	GPIO[69]: Output drive 8mA IRQ1: Primary on GPIO[07] Add 10-15K
										pullup if not used
GPIO [70]	26				ii c_ scl					GPIO[70]: Output drive 8mA icc_scl: Primary on GPIO[34] 15K (cc9c) or 2k4 9wi- 9c) pull-up on module Wi-9C uses iic_scl @addr A2/A3 on module

Sign al	SO- DIM M	BootStra p (BS / System / Other	UAR T	SPI	12 C	USB	LCD	IEEE 1284	PWM / Timer / IRQ	Notes
GPIO [71]	24				ii c_ sd a					GPIO[71]: Output drive 8mA iic_sda: Primary on GPIO[35] 15K (cc9c) or 2k4 9wi- 9c) pull-up on module Wi-9C uses iic_scl @addr A2/A3 on module
MFG I_ GPIO [72]	22									Reserved 15K pull-up on module

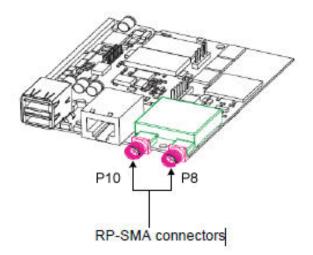
#### Antenna connectors: RP/SMA and U.FL (ConnectCore Wi-9C only)

The ConnectCore Wi-9C supports two types of antenna connectors: RP-SMA and U.FL. The standard connector population option is 1 RP-SMA connector. Dual diversity operation and custom connector populations are available.

For antenna specifications, see Antenna information.

#### RP-SMA connectors, P10 and P8

The antenna is connected to the module via a reverse polarity SMA connector (subminiature size A). The antenna fits on the module only one way, to ensure proper connection.





**CAUTION!** Be sure that your antenna choice complies with the regulatory requirements of your region. In North America, for example, you can operate only with antennas provided by Digi International, Inc., or antennas matching the pecifications of the Digiapproved antennas.

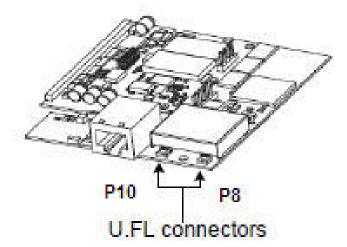
#### Primary RP-SMA antenna, P8

P8 is the primary RP-SMA antenna, for both receive and transmit. This is the connector/antenna provided with the standard RP-SMA module configuration.

#### Secondary RP-SMA antenna, P10

P10 is the secondary RP-SMA antenna, used for receive only. This connector/antenna is provided only when you select the two-RP-SMA population option.

## **U.FL** connectors, P10 and P8



Both U.FL connectors are provided on the module when you select the U.FL population option.

#### Primary U.FL antenna, P8

P8 is the primary U.FL antenna, for both receive and transmit. P10 is the secondary U.FL antenna, used for receive only.

#### Secondary U.FL antenna, P10

P10 is the secondary U.FL antenna, used for receive only. This connector/antenna is provided only when you select the two-U.FL population option.

# About the development board

This chapter provides information for configuring the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C development board, and details the development board's default and optional configuration states. The development board serves as a carrier board platform for product evaluation and design. The board is also available as a separate accessory item for quick prototyping purposes.

For more detailed information on the development board, see the documentation available on your Jump Start Kit CD.

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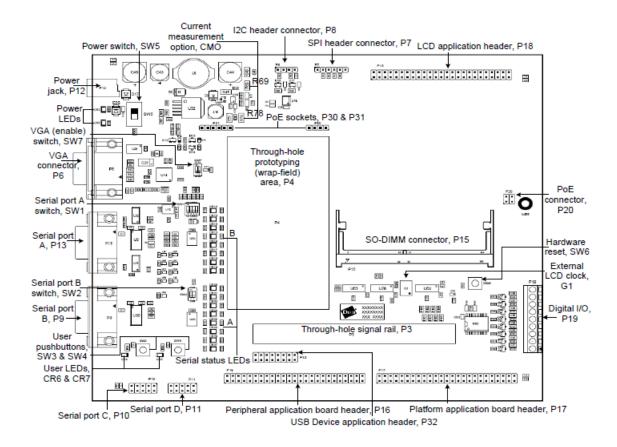
#### **Features**

The ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C development board supports these features:

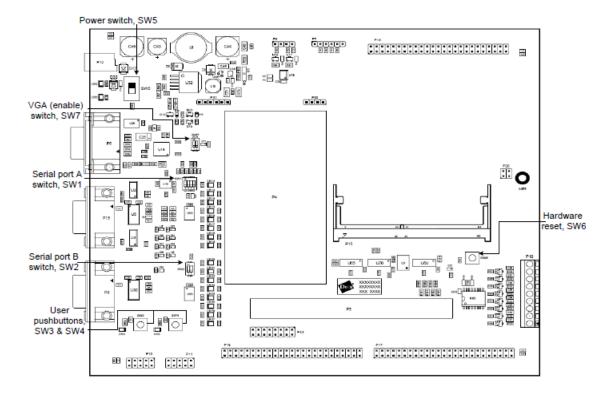
- Four 921kbps serial ports
  - Serial port A: EIA-232/422/485 switch-selectable (DB-9)
  - Serial port B: EIA-232 (DB-9)
  - Serial port C: TTL-level
  - Serial port D: TTL-level
- SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C interface headers
- Eight digital GPIOs
- Two user LEDs and pushbuttons
- VGA interface
- LCD panel connector
- Application-specific expansion connectors
- Through-hole prototyping area
- +3.3V, +5V, +12V, -12V, and GND test points
- Current measurement option
- Power on/off switch
- 9-30VDC power input
- Board and module mounting holes

# **Basic description**

The development board contains connectors, switches, and LEDs that you use when integrating the ConnectCore 9C or ConnectCore Wi-9C module into your design. The board also provides test points; see Test points for more information.



# **Switches and buttons**



#### Serial Port A switch, SW1

The Serial Port A switch is a 4-position DIP switch. Use this switch to set the signal modes for serial port A, EIA-232/422/485.

Position	Description	Default position
1	Determines whether the interface is configured for EIA-232 or EIA-485:  ON — EIA-232 interface mode  OFF — EIA-485 interface mode	ON
2	Enables/disables EIA-232 auto power down: ON — Not supported OFF — Disabled	OFF
3	Determines whether the interface is configured for 4-wire or 2-wire EIA-485:  ON — 2-wire EIA-485 mode  OFF — 4-wire EIA-485 mode	OFF
4	Enables/disables termination for the EIA-485/EIA-422 interface: ON — Termination enabled OFF — Termination disabled	OFF

#### Serial Port B switch, SW2

The Serial Port B switch is a 2-position DIP switch that enables or disables the serial port B transceiver.

Position	Setting	Default position
1	Enable/disable auto power down ON — Not supported OFF — Disabled	OFF
2	Enable/disable EIA-232 transceiver ON — Enabled OFF — Disabled	ON

#### User pushbuttons, SW3 and SW4

The development board has two user pushbuttons — SW3 and SW4 — that allow you to interact with applications running on the ConnectCore 9C or Wi-9C module. The application detects the button push through the associated GPIO.

#### SW3 and SW4 pin assignment

Signal name	Switch	GPIO
USER_PUSH_BUTTON_1	SW3	GPIO72
USER_PUSH_BUTTON_2	SW4	GPIO69

#### Power switch, SW5

SW5 is the main power switch. ON/OFF positions are marked on the development board.

## Hardware Reset button, SW6

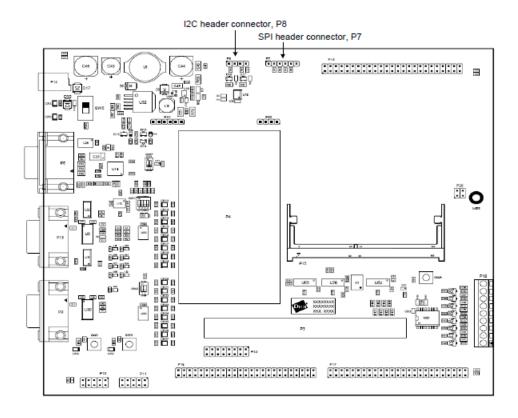
Press the hardware reset (push) button to reset the whole platform (module and development board).

# VGA (enable) switch, SW7

The VGA (enable) switch is a 2-position DIP switch that determines whether GPIO40 and GPIO41 are connected to the VGA controller or available for serial port C (see Serial port C header connector, P10). The switch position also determines whether the oscillator is connected to GPIO15 or is free for serial port A use.

Position	Setting	Default position
1	ON — VGA Disabled OFF — VGA Enabled	ON
2	Not Supported	OFF

## **I2C and SPI header connectors**



# I<sup>2</sup>C header connector, P8

The development board has a 4-pin I<sup>2</sup>C header connector, labeled P8.

# P8 pin assignment

Pin	Signal	Description
1	I2C_SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C serial data line
2	+5V	+5V
3	I2C_SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock line
4	GND	Ground

#### SPI header connector, P7

The development board has one 6-pin SPI header connector, labeled P7.

Important: If you use the SPI header connector, Serial Port B must be disabled (in software).

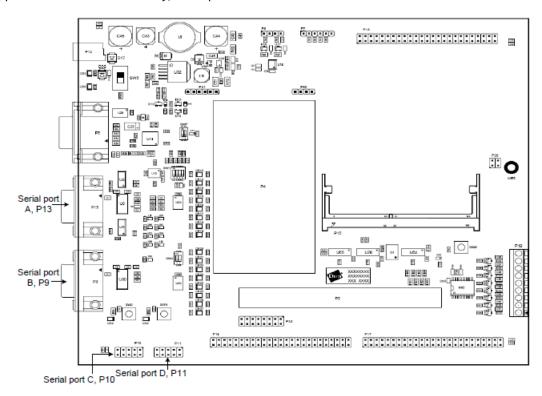
# P7 pin assignment

Pin	Signal	Description
1	+3.3V	+3.3V
2	SPI_DOUT	SPI data out
3	SPI_DIN	SPI data in
4	SPI_CLK	SPI clock
5	SPI_CS#	SPI chip select
6	GND	Ground

All SPI signals are protected for the respective module's boot strapping.

### **Serial port connectors**

The development board has four serial ports: A (P13), B (P9), C (P10), and D (P11). Serial ports A and B support full EIA-232 functionality; serial ports C and D do not.



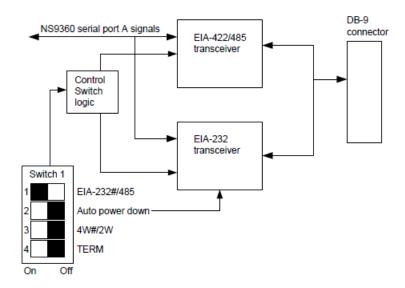
# Serial port A (EIA-232/422/485) connector, P13

The serial port A connector is a single DB-9 male connector for EIA-232/EIA-485 switchable mode, labeled P13. The serial port A interface corresponds to NS9360 serial port A, and is a switch-selectable

EIA-232/422/485 interface with a maximum baud rate of 921 kbps (see Serial Port A switch, SW1). Each signal is available with its status LED, and all status LEDs are bi-color, red or green.

#### Serial port A diagram

This diagram shows the switch-selectable EIA-232/422/485 interface.



#### P13 connector pin assignment

Pin	EIA-232 signal	EIA-232 signal description	EIA-422/485 4/8 wire	EIA-485 2-wire
1	DCD#1	Data Carrier Detect	CTS- (B)	
2	RXD	Receive Data	RXD+ (A)	DATA+ (A)
3	TXD	Transmit Data	TXD+ (A)	
4	DTR#	Data Terminal Ready	RTS- (B)	
5	GND	Ground	GND	GND
6	DSR#	Data Set Ready	RXD- (B)	DATA- (B)
7	RTS#	Request to Send	RTS+ (A)	
8	CTS#	Clear to Send	CTS+ (A)	
9	RI#	Ring Indicator	TXD- (B)	
1. When the VGA	(enable) switch, S	W7, is OFF (default), DCD is	not available. Shell is	chassis GND.

### Serial port B (EIA-232) connector, P9

The serial port B connector is a single, DB-9 male connector, labeled P9. The serial port B interface corresponds to NS9360 serial port B, and is a standard EIA-232 interface with a maximum baud rate of

921 kbps. Each signal is available with its LED, and all status LEDs are bi-color, red or green. The serial port B line driver can be disabled using Switch 2 (see Serial Port B switch, SW2).

# P9 connector pin assignment

Pin	Signal	Description
1	DCD#	Data Carrier Detect
2	RXD	Receive Data
3	TXD	Transmit Data
4	DTR#	Data Transmit Ready
5	GND	Ground
6	DSR#	Data Set Ready
7	RTS#	Request to Send
8	CTS#	Clear to Send
9	RI#	Ring Indicator

#### Serial port C header connector, P10

The serial port C header connector is a 2x5-pin serial port, labeled P10. The connector is a UART interface, with signals available on TTL-level. The serial port C interface corresponds to NS9360 serial port C.

The serial port C interface signals are available on TTL-level, and support only the TXD, RXD, RTS#, and CTS# signals, where # indicates an active low signal. These pins default to LCD or DIGITAL\_I/O signals when switch 7 is configured for VGA functionality (see VGA (enable) switch, SW7).

# P10 connector pin assignment

Pin	Signal	Description	VGA enabled (SW7)
1	Not connected	n/a	n/a
2	Not connected	n/a	n/a
3	RXD_C	Receive Data	LCD_D17
4	RTS_C#	Request to Send	DIGITAL_IO_9
5	TXD_C	Transmit Data	LCD_D16
6	CTS_C#	Clear to Send	DIGITAL_IO_10
7	Not connected	n/a	n/a
8	Not connected	n/a	n/a

Pin	Signal	Description	VGA enabled (SW7)
9	GND	Ground	n/a
10	+3.3V	Power	n/a

#### Serial port D header connector, P11

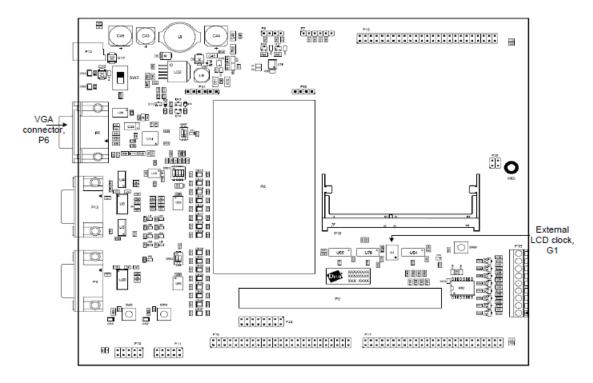
The serial port D header connector is a 2x5-pin serial port, labeled P11. The connector is a UART interface, with signals available on TTL-level. The serial port D interface corresponds to NS9360 serial port D.

The serial port D interface signals are available on TTL-level and support only the TXD, RXD, RTS#, and CTS# signals, where # indicates an active low signal. These pins default to GPIO signals 44-47. To use the pins for serial port D functions, you need to configure them in software.

## P11 connector pin assignment

Pin	Signal	Description	Defaults to
1	Not connected	n/a	n/a
2	Not connected	n/a	n/a
3	RXD_D	Receive Data	GPIO45
4	RTS_D#	Request to Send	GPIO46
5	TXD_D	Transmit Data	GPIO44
6	CTS_D#	Clear to Send	GPIO47
7	Not connected	n/a	n/a
8	Not connected	n/a	n/a
9	GND	Ground	n/a
10	+3.3V	Power	n/a

## **VGA connector / External LCD clock**



#### P6 pin assignment

The VGA connector is a 15-pin female connector, labeled P6.

#### External LCD clock, G1

An external LCD controller clock is provided to avoid picture quality deterioration due to the low-emission spread spectrum clock used on the module.

G1 is a 48MHz oscillator that supports resolutions up to 640 x 480. The maximum NS9360 external LCD clock frequency is 90MHz. The frequency is divided by 2 before being used as the LCD clock source. For more information, see Sample applications.

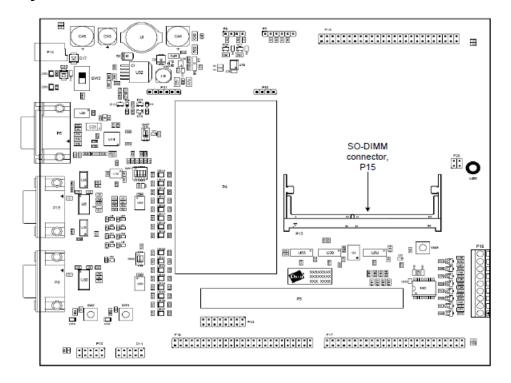
#### **Development board SO-DIMM connector, P15**

Manufacturer part number: AMP INCORPORATED 390112-1

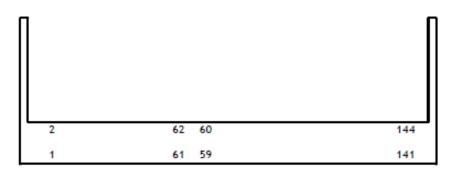
P15 is a 144-pin SO-DIMM connector on the development board. Plug the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module SO-DIMM connector, P3, into P15.

Note The clearance between the module and your development board must be 2.54mm (0.10").

#### Bird's-eye view



#### Close-up

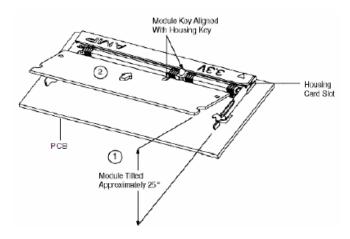


# Inserting the module into the SO-DIMM connector

To be sure you insert the module into the SO-DIMM connector properly, review these steps and figures:

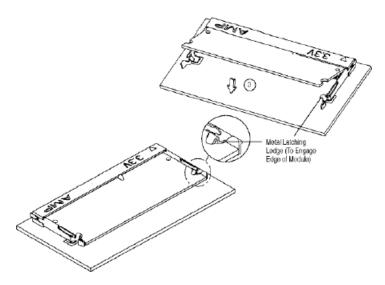
- 1. Align the module key with the housing key (see the image below).
- 2. Slide the module into the housing (see the image below).

Inserting the module into the development board SO-DIMM connector, steps 1 & 2



#### Inserting the module into the development board SO-DIMM connector, step 3

Push the board down until the module snaps in (see the image below).Be sure the metal latching edge engages the edge of the module.

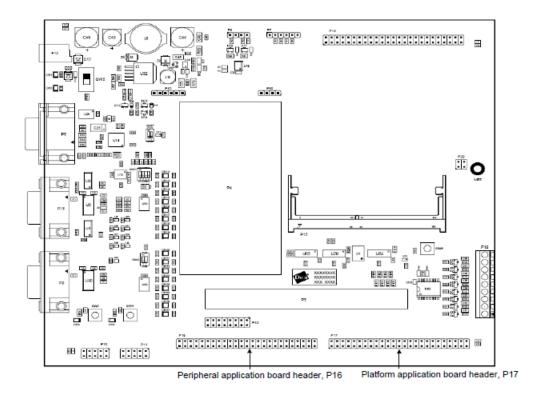


# P15 pin assignment

The pin assignment for P15 is the same as that for P3, the SO-DIMM connector on the module. For the complete pin assignment list, see Pin assignment by SO-DIMM pin number.

# Application-specific expansion headers — P16 and P17

Manufacturer part numbers: SAMTEC TSM-125-02-L-DV PINREX 212-92-25GB01 WAVE TECH EPS01-50-A-1-0-B



The development board provides two, 2x25-pin, 0.10" (2.54mm) pitch headers for supporting application-specific daughter cards/expansion boards:

- **P16, Peripheral board header.** Provides access to an 8-bit data bus, 8-bit address bus, and control signals (for example, CS#, WE#), as well as I<sup>2</sup>C and power. Using these signals, you can connect Digi-specific extension modules or your own daughter card to the module's address/data bus.
- **P17, Platform application header.** Provides access to the serial port B signal, one SPI interface, one USB channel, eight GPIOs, power, and the module's IEEE 802.3af signals. You can attach Digi-provided application kits or your own daughter card design.

# Peripheral application board header, P16

Pin	Signal	Description / Comment	Pin	Signal	Description / Comment
1	GND	Ground	2	DATA_0	Data bus
3	DATA_1	Data bus	4	DATA_2	Data bus
5	DATA_3	Data bus	6	GND	Ground
7	DATA_4	Data bus	8	DATA_5	Data bus
9	DATA_6	Data bus	10	DATA_7	Data bus

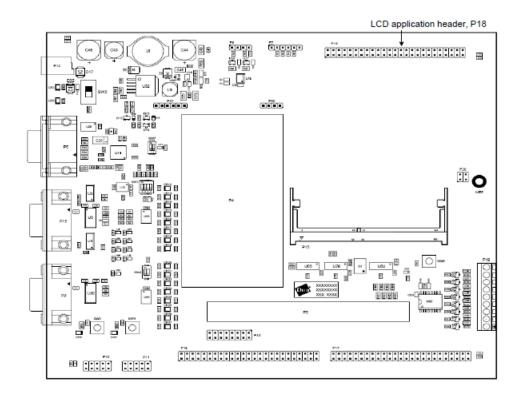
Pin	Signal	Description / Comment	Pin	Signal	Description / Comment
11	GND	Ground	12	Reserved (DATA_8)	n/a
13	Reserved (DATA_9)	n/a	14	Reserved (DATA10)	n/a
15	Reserved (DATA_11)	n/a	16	GND	Ground
17	Reserved (DATA_12)	n/a	18	Reserved (DATA_13)	n/a
19	Reserved (DATA_14)	n/a	20	Reserved (DATA_15)	n/a
21	GND	Ground	22	+3.3V	8 bit /16 bit# 3.3V selects 8-bit data bus
23	GND	Ground	24	+3.3V	Power
25	+3.3V	Power	26	ADDRESS_0	Address bus
27	ADDRESS_1	Address bus	28	ADDRESS_2	Address bus
29	ADDRESS_3	Address bus	30	GND	Ground
31	ADDRESS_4	Address bus	32	ADDRESS_5	Address bus
33	ADDRESS_6	Address bus	34	ADDRESS_7	Address bus
35	GND	Ground	36	Reserved (ADDRESS_8)	n/a
37	Reserved (ADDRESS_9)	n/a	38	GND	Ground
39	CS#	Static memory chip select 0	40	I2C_SDA / GPIO71	I <sup>2</sup> C serial data line
41	WE#	Write enable	42	OE#	Output enable
43	I2C_SCL / GPIO70	I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock line	44	PERI_INT#	USER_PUSH_BUTTON2 / PERI_INT0# / GPIO69
45	+3.3V	Power	46	+3.3V	Power
47	PERI_GPIO0	DIGITAL_IO_9 / UART3_ RTS / GPIO42_PRT	48	PERI_GPIO1	DIGITAL_IO_10 / UART3_ CTS# / GPIO43_PRT
49	RESET_OUT	Connected to inverted BUFFENR# signal	50	GND	Ground

# Platform application board header, P17

Pin	Signal	GPIO/Other	Pin	Signal	GPIO/Other
1	GND	n/a	2	TXD_B / SPI_DO	GPIO0
3	RXD_B / SPI_DI	GPIO1	4	CTS_B#	GPIO3
5	DSR_B#	GPIO5	6	DCD_B# / SPI_CE	GPIO7
7	RI_B# / SPI_CLK	GPIO6	8	DTR_B#	GPIO4
9	RTS_B#	GPIO2	10	GND	n/a
11	I2C_SCL	GPIO70	12	I2C_SDA	GPIO71
13	GND	n/a	14	RST#	System reset
15	GND	n/a	16	DP1	n/a
17	DM1	n/a	18	GND	n/a
19	LCD_D2	GPIO26	19	LCD_D3	GPI027
21	TXD_D	GPIO44	22	RXD_D	GPIO45
23	GND	n/a	24	+3.3V	n/a
25	GND	n/a	26	+3.3V	n/a
27	DIGITAL_IO_1	GPIO23	28	DIGITAL_IO_2	GPIO16
29	DIGITAL_IO_3	GPIO17	30	DIGITAL_IO_4	GPIO18
31	USER_LED_1 / DIGITAL_IO_5	GPIO66	32	GND	n/a
33	USER_LED_2 / DIGITAL_IO_6	GPIO67	34	DIGITAL_IO_9 / RTS_C#	GPI042
35	DIGITAL_IO_10 / CTS_C#	GPIO43	36	GND	n/a
37	Not connected	n/a	38	Not connected	n/a
39	Not connected	n/a	40	Not connected	n/a
41	Not connected	n/a	42	Not connected	n/a
43	Not connected	n/a	44	Not connected	n/a
45	Not connected	n/a	46	Not connected	n/a
47	Not connected	n/a	48	Not connected	n/a
49	Not connected	n/a	50	Not connected	n/a

# LCD application board header, P18

Manufacturer part numbers: SAMTEC TSM-125-02-L-DV PINREX 212-92-25GB01 WAVE TECH EPS01-50-A-1-0-B



The LCD application header, P18, is a 2x25-pin, 0.10" (2.54mm) pitch header that provide access to the LCD signals and SPI signals for touch controller purposes. Use with the Digi-provided LCD application kit or attach your own LCD application board.

# P18 pin assignment

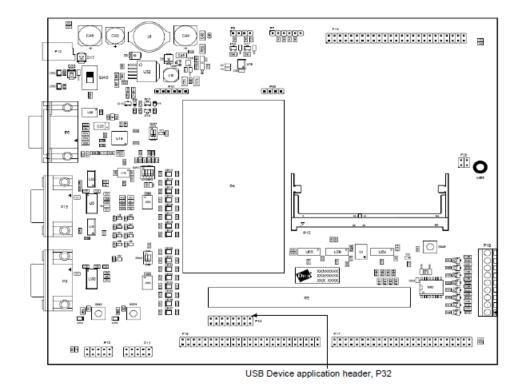
Pin	Signal	GPIO/Other	Pin	Signal	GPIO/Other
1	GND	N/A	2	LCD_D0	GPIO24
3	LCD_D1	GPIO25	4	LCD_D2	GPIO26
5	LCD_D3	GPIO27	6	GND	N/A
7	LCD_D4	GPIO28	8	LCD_D5	GPIO29
9	LCD_D6	GPIO30	10	LCD_D7	GPIO31
11	GND	N/A	12	LCD_D8	GPIO32
13	LCD_D9	GPIO33	14	LCD_D10	GPIO34
15	LCD_D11	GPIO35	16	GND	N/A
17	LCD_D12	GPIO36	18	LCD_D13	GPIO37
19	LCD_D14	GPIO38	20	LCD_D15	GPIO39
21	GND	N/A	22	LCD_D16 / TXD_C#	GPIO40

Pin	Signal	GPIO/Other	Pin	Signal	GPIO/Other
23	LCD_D17 / RXD_C#	GPIO41	24	GND	(Reserved) LCD_D18
25	GND	(Reserved) LCD_D19	26	GND	N/A
27	GND	(Reserved) LCD_D20	28	GND	(Reserved) LCD_D21
29	I2C_SDA	GPIO71	30	I2C_SCL	GPIO70
31	GND	N/A	32	LCD_CLOCK	GPIO20
33	LCD_BIAS	GPIO22	34	LCD_HSYNC	GPIO19
35	LCD_VSYNC	GPIO21	36	CLPOWER	GPIO18
37	LINE_END	GPIO23	38	+3.3V	N/A
39	GND	(Reserved) TSPX	40	GND	(Reserved) TSPY
41	GND	(Reserved) TSMX	42	GND	(Reserved) TSMY
43	+3.3V	N/A	44	RI_B# / SPI_CLK	GPIO6
45	DCD_B# / SPI_CE#	GPIO7	46	TXD_B / SPI_DO	GPIO0
47	RXD_B / SPI_DI	GPIO1	48	+3.3V	N/A
49	GND	TOUCH/SPI#	50	GND	N/A

# **USB Device application header, P32**

#### Manufacturer part number: EPT 972-08009-21

The USB Device application header, P32, is a press fit 2x8 pin, straight RM2.54 (Y=6.7mm) header. Use this header to connect an external USB Device application to the development board, which then provides USB Device functionality.



P32 pin assignment

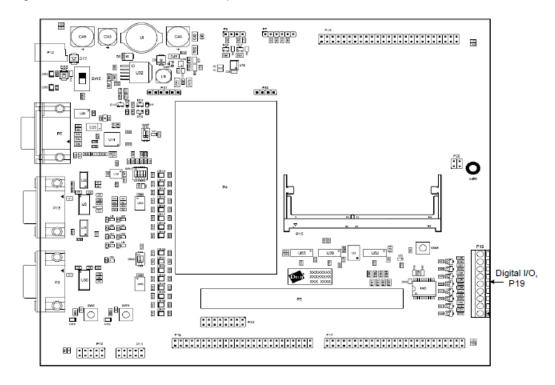
Pin	Signal	Comment	
1	+3.3V		
2	GND		
3	+5V		
4	GND		
5	DIGITAL_IO_9 / UART3_RTS# / GPIO42_PRT	USB_VP functionality	
6	DIGITAL_IO_10 / UART3_CTS# / GPIO43_PRT	USB_VM functionality	
7 GND			
8	GND		
9	GPIO44 / UART4_TXD / SPID_DO_PRT	USB_OE# functionality	
10	USER_LED_3 / DIGITAL_IO_7 / GPIO48	USB_SPND functionality	
11	USER_LED_4 / DIGITAL_IO_8 / GPIO49	USB_SPEED functionality	
12	GPIO45 / UART4_RXD / SPID_DI_PRT	USB_RCV functionality	
13	GPIO46 / UART4_RTS#_PRT	USB_ENUM functionality	

Pin	Signal	Comment
14	GND	
15	I2C_SDA / GPIO71_PRT	
16	I2C_SCL / GPIO70_PRT	

# Digital I/O, P19

#### Manufacturer part number: BlockMaster MTS0900T

The Digital I/O connector, P19, is a MTS, 9-pin terminal block for PCB RM3.81.

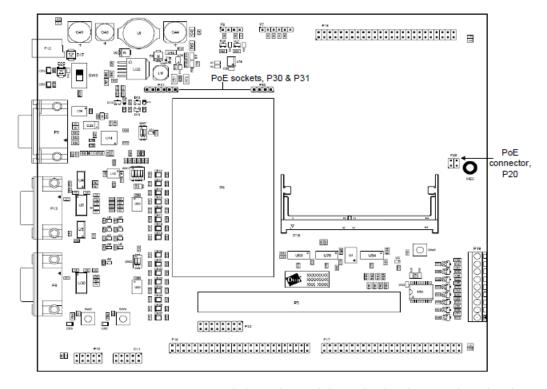


## P19 pin assignment

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	I2C_IO_0	2	I2C_IO_1
3	I2C_IO_2	4	I2C_IO_3
5	I2C_IO_4	6	I2C_IO_5
7	I2C_IO_6	8	I2C_IO_7
9	GND		

## **Power over Ethernet (PoE) connectors**

The development board provides three PoE connectors: P20, P30, and P31.



The PoE connector, P20, captures PoE signals from the module on the development board and routes them to the PoE module connector, P30. See What's on the module? for more information.

The P30 and P31 connectors support the IEEE 802.3af PoE application module.

- P30 is the input connector of the PoE module, providing access to the PoE signals coming from the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module through P20.
- P31 provides the output voltage and ground signals from the PoE module. When you use PoE, this output voltage powers the development board; you do not need the main power supply.

## 802.3afPoE connector, P20

#### Manufacturer part numbers:

AMP INCORPORATED 5-146256-2 AMP INCORPORATED 5-146257-2 SAMTEC TSW-102-07-L-D

P20 pins are allocated as shown:

Pin	Signal	Actual signal name	Description
1	POE_TX_CT	POE_RJ45_4/5	Ethernet connector pins 4 and 5
2	POE_RJ45_7/8	POE_RX_CT	Ethernet transformer receive CT

Pin	Signal	Actual signal name	Description
3	POE_RX_CT	POE_RJ45_7/8	Ethernet connector pins 7 and 8
4	POE_RJ45_4/5	POE_TX_CT	Ethernet transformer transmit CT

#### P30 connector

#### Manufacturer part number: Samtec SLW-104-01-G-S

The P30 input connector is a 1x4 pin socket with these characteristics: SLW, THT, RM2.54 (h=4.57mm).P30 pins are allocated as shown:

Pin	Signal	
1	POE_TX_CT	
2	POE_RX_CT	
3	POE_RJ45_4/5	
4	POE_RJ45_7/8	

#### P31 connector

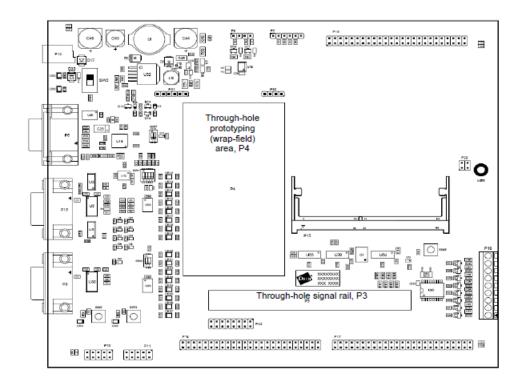
#### Manufacturer part number: Samtec SLW-106-01-G-S

The P31 connector is a 1x6 pin socket with these characteristics: SLW, THT, RM2.54 (h=4.57mm). P31 pins are allocated as shown:

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+12V_POE	2	+12V_POE
3	GND	4	GND
5	POE_GND	6	POE_GND

## Through-hole prototyping (wrap-field) area, P3 and P4

The through-hole prototyping area has two parts, P3 and P4.

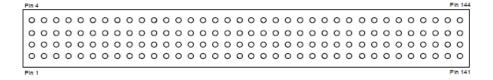


## Through-hole signal rail, P3

#### Manufacturer part number: SAMTEC TSW-136-xx-D

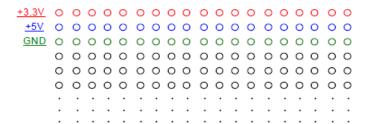
Where xx is the length of the header pins; you choose the connector that best fits your application. P3 is a four-column, 144-signal, through-hole signal rail that provides 1:1 access to all module signals. You can solder every 2.54mm through-hole header. The size of the P3 connector is 4x36 pins (see the drawing following the next paragraph) — note, however, that you can solder only a smaller header onto the connector. If you want to solder a complete header over the through-hole signal rail, use 2 headers of 2x36 pins each.

The signal assignments for P3 are the same as those for the edge connector, P3, on the module; see Pin assignment by SO-DIMM pin number for detail.

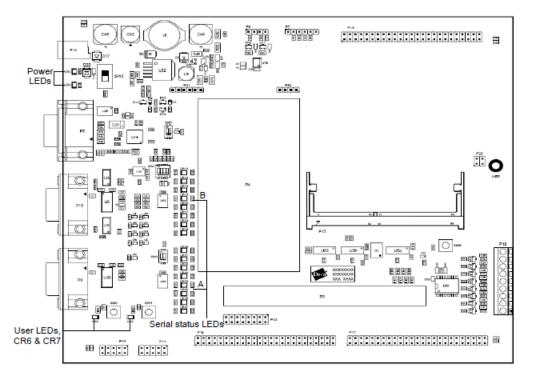


### Wrap-field area, P4

P4 is a wrap field area that allows you to connect through-hole components. The +3.3, +5V, and GND buses run along the top edge of the wrap-field area.



## **Development board LEDs**



### Power LEDs, CR3 and CR5

The power LEDs are single-color (RED) LEDs, located below the power jack, P12.

LED	Condition when ON
CR3	5V power is present
CR5	3.3V power is present

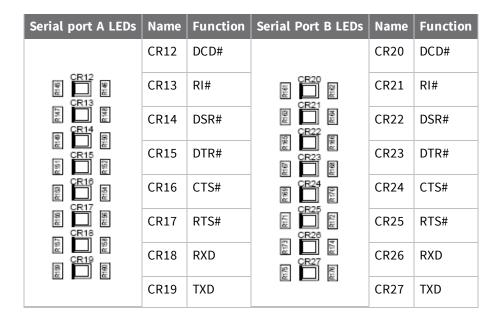
### User LEDs, CR6 and CR7

The user LEDs are single-color (GREEN) LEDs, located next to switches 3 and 4 on the development board.

	Condition when ON
CR6	Value of GPIO48 is a logic 0
CR7	Value of GPIO49 is a logic 0.

#### **Serial LEDs**

The serial port A LEDs are to the right of the serial port A (EIA-232/EIA-485) connector, on the left side of the wrap-field area. The serial port B LEDs are to the right of the serial port B(EIA-232) connector, on the left side of the wrap-field area.



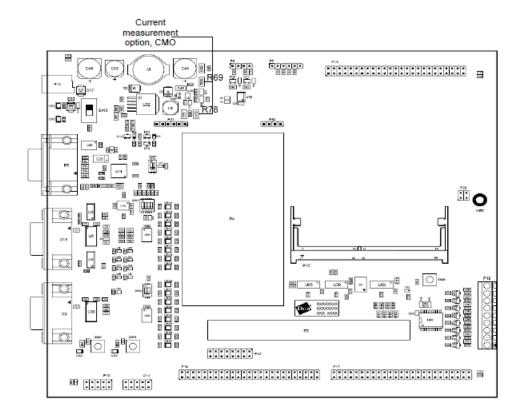
The LED indicators are dual-state, and are connected to the TTL side of the EIA transceivers.

- Green represents a negative voltage on the DB9 connector pin.
- Red represents a positive voltage DB9 connector pin.

The intensity and color of the LED will change when the voltage is switching.

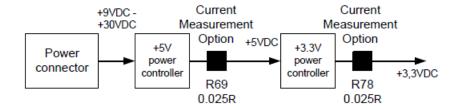
## **Current Measurement Option (CMO)**

The Current Measurement Option uses 0.025R series resistors to measure the current on the development board's +3.3V (R78) and +5V (R69) power supplies.



### **How the CMO works**

This drawing shows how the Current Measurement Option works.

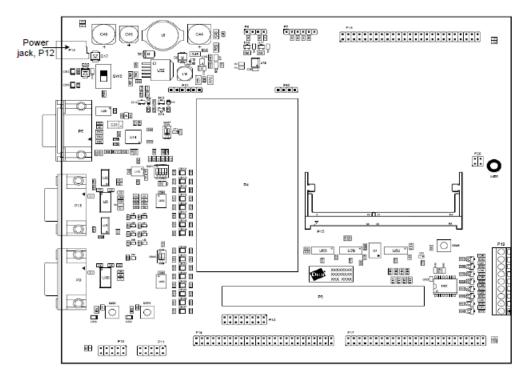


To measure the load current used on different power supplies, measure DC voltage across the sense (CMO) resistor. The value of the resistor is  $0.025R \pm 1\%$ . Calculate the current using this equation: I = E/R

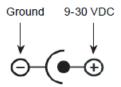
#### where

- I = current in Amps
- E = measured voltage in Volts
- R = 0.025 Ohms

## Power jack, P12



The power jack is a barrel connector with 9-30VDC operating range. The power jack is labeled P12 on the development board. This figure schematically represents the power jack's polarity:



## **Test points**

The development board provides five test points that can be identified by board label or test point number. The board labels are adjacent to each test point on the board. The test point numbers are in the development board schematic drawings.

## **Numbers and description**

Test point	Label	Source/Comment
TP36	+12V	+Charge pump off of DC/DC regulator (U32)
TP37	-12V	- Charge pump off of DC/DC regulator (U32)
TP38	+5V	DC/DC regulator (U32) with 9-30VDC input

Test point	Label	Source/Comment
TP41	+3.3V	DC/DC regulator (U35) with +5V input
TP42	GND	Common Ground return

# Factory default interface configuration for development board

These interfaces are enabled as shown per the factory default configuration:

Interface	Factory default status
LCD VGA	Enabled
I <sup>2</sup> C (5V tolerant)	Enabled
I <sup>2</sup> C user-driven I/Os	Enabled
EIA-232 Serial Port A	Enabled (No DCD unless LCD_VGA is disabled)
EIA-485 Serial Port A	Disabled
EIA-232 Serial Port B	Enabled (Full modem support)
TTL Serial Port C	Disabled (Disabled when LCD_VGA is enabled)
TTL Serial Port D	Disabled (GPIO signals 44-47 default as GPIOs)
SPI Serial Port B	Disabled (No SPI unless EIA-232 Serial Port B is disabled)

# **LCD and USB configuration**

This chapter addresses module specifics pertaining to the LCD and USB interfaces.

See the application note "LCD Displays Supported by the NetSilicon NS9750/NS9360 Processors" (available on http://www.digiembedded.com) for additional information about the application-specific configuration and capabilities of the LCD controller on the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module.

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Sample applications	
USB configuration	

## LCD displays

There are seven categories of LCD displays, all of which the module supports:

- Color TFT (thin film transistor, also called active matrix (AM)):
  - 18-bit
- Six types of STN (super twisted nematic, also called passive matrix (PM)):
  - Three single panel displays
  - Three dual panel displays

Each STN display is either color or monochrome:

- Color display: Up to 8-pin using color-enhancing palette RAM
- Monochrome display: Up to 8-pin or 4-pin using grayscale-enhancing palette RAM

### **Control and data pins**

The ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C LCD interface has six control pins. The number of data pins depends on the display type. Displays typically require 4–6 control pins. The next two tables list the control pins and the data pins, respectively.

**Note** Most of the pins on the Wi-9C, if not used, can be left floating. The pins that cannot be left floating are ones that are required (po wer, ground, UBUFFEN, etc).

### LCD controller control pins

Pin #	Signal name	Туре	Description
89	CLPOWER	Output	LCD panel power enable
87	CLLP (HSYNC)	Output	Line synchronization pulse (STN)/horizontal synchronization pulse (TFT)
46	CLCP	Output	LCD panel clock
44	CLFP	Output	Frame pulse (STN)/vertical synchronization pulse (TFT)
42	CLAC	Output	STN AC bias drive or TFT data enable output
38	CLLE	Output	Line end signal

## LCD controller data pins

Display type	Number of data pins: Panel 1	Number of data pins: Panel 2
TFT—Color only		
Color 18-bit	18	Not applicable

Display type	Number of data pins: Panel 1	Number of data pins: Panel 2
STN—Color		
Single panel 8-bit	8	Not applicable
Dual panel 8-bit	8	8
STN—Monochrome		
Single panel 4-bit	4	Not applicable
Dual panel 4-bit	4	4
Single panel 8-bit	8	Not applicable
Dual panel 8-bit	8	8

**Important:** Double-panel displays use twice as many pins but do not offer more color or gray shades.

### Colors and gray shades

The number of colors and gray shades correlates with the number of data pins but also depends on color processing techniques and data-shifting techniques.

For exact values, see the NS9360 Hardware Reference, LCD Controller chapter, "Number of Colors" and "Grayscaler." You can access the NS9360 Hardware Reference through the Jump Start Kit.

### Sample displays

ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C uses an internal programmable palette-LUT and a grayscaler to support different color-processing techniques; three sample displays are provided here:

- 18-pin TFT display (for example, the SHARP LQ10D421). Accepts 18 color RGB bits (6 bits per color) at a time. Only 16 bits are transferred from SDRAM: five bits each for the three colors R (red), G (green), and B (blue) and a single LSB (least significant bit) that is split into three equal values between R, G, and B. This produces close to 2<sup>16</sup>, or 64 thousand colors.
- 8-pin STN color display (for example, the SHARP LM057QC1T01). Shifts eight color bits at a time: RGBRGBRG bits followed by BRGBRGBR bits followed by GBRGBRGB, and so on. This produces color enhancing in 3375 color grades.
- **4-pin STN monochrome display** (for example, the Grand Pacific Optoelectronics GM0008-13). Shifts four monochrome bits at a time, resulting in 15 gray shades (2<sup>4</sup>–1).

### Resolution

The LCD resolution is programmable. These standard displays, with the following resolutions, are supported:

- QVGA = 320 x 240
- VGA = 640 x 480

Lower resolution displays also are supported. Displays typically have programmable vertical resolutions within a certain range, especially if they are used for TV displays (to accommodate different television standards).

### Refresh frequency

The LCD refresh frequency is programmable. Lower refresh frequency drains less power, but might flicker. TFT displays usually flicker less than STN displays, as they have a transistor switch behind each pixel on the screen and can hold the capacitive charge longer.

## Sample applications

The LCD interface uses memory as a video buffer. The display resolution is determined by the product of three parameters: *number of data bits x display resolution x refresh frequency*. This product cannot exceed the system bus bandwidth allocated to the display.

Be aware that the actual bandwidth used by the display is:

```
display clock rate x number of bits per clock
```

For example, a clock rate of 50MHz with 16 bits of color yields a bandwidth of 100 MBps. To minimize bandwidth requirements, you might need to use an external oscillator to get the exact rate.

The ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C development board has a 48MHz external oscillator and resulting LCD clock of 24MHz. 16 bits of color requires 48 MBps for the display.

#### **Default LCD controller**

The default LCD controller configuration supported by the NS9360 is 640 x 480, with 8 bits for color. The bandwidth is guaranteed; the designer does not need to be concerned with bandwidth use. Higher resolutions are possible but require care in their setup and design.

#### **Formula**

The ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module operates at 155 MHz system bus speed. This speed grade results in 310 MBps bus bandwidth, as the bus is 4 bytes wide. For bandwidth planning, this maximum bandwidth must be reduced to account for overhead and read/write switching. The effective bandwidth is 1/2 of the system bandwidth; that is, 155 MBps. This value is predicted as the worst case for the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C. The architecture allocates half of the system bandwidth to the module. The remaining four bus master peripherals (Ethernet TX, Ethernet RX, peripheral bus bridge, and LCD controller) share the other half of the bandwidth. The bandwidth assignment of these peripherals is programmable.

Use this formula to estimate the amount of bandwidth available for your LCD display:

```
CPU bandwidth = 77.5 MBps
All other peripherals (including LCD) = 77.5 MBps
```

## Example 1: 18-bit VGA

The 18-bit TFT display transfers 16 bits per pixel and generates the last two bits inside the LCD controller. This display packs two-color RGB pixels into a single 4-byte word.

The 18-bit VGA display (640 x 480), refreshing 60 times per second, requires 37 MBps:

```
2 \times 640 \times 480 \times 60 = 37 \text{ MBps}
```

40.5 MBps are left to all other peripherals. If the LCD refresh frequency increases to 70 Hz, the required bandwidth increases to 43 MBps.

**Note** The module LCD controller supports 18-bit VGA displays in most applications.

## **Supported TFT displays**

Display type	Refresh frequency in Hz	BW required for display in MBps	Display in MBps BW left to other peripherals in MBps
18b VGA	50	31	46.5
(640 x 480)	60	37	40.5
	70	43	34.5

# **USB** configuration

When you purchase the Ethernet plus USB hub version of the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module, the USB hub is installed on the module.

On modules without USB, NS9360 dedicated USB signals are brought out to the Application header, P17:

P17 pin	Signal	Description
16	DP1	USB data (+)
17	DM1	USB data (-)
28	USB_OVRH#	USB overcurrent
29	USB_PONH#	USB power-on

#### See also

- Power requirements for power required per USB port.
- USB interface for information about integrating the module without on-board USB and without need for USB.
- USB internal PHY DC electrical inputs and outputs

# **Module specification**

This section provides ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module specifications.

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Module specification Mechanical dimensions

### **Mechanical dimensions**

#### **ConnectCore 9C**

- Length: 3.590 inches (91.19 mm)
- Add (0.136 inches (3.45 mm) for USB and/or Ethernet connector overhang
- Width: 2.055 inches (52.2 mm)
- Height:
  - 0.799 inches (20.3 mm) with Dual USB connector
  - 0.712 inches (18.08 mm) with RJ-45 Ethernet connector

#### ConnectCoreWi-9C

- Length: 3.590 inches (91.19 mm)
  - Add 0.136 inches (3.45 mm) for USB and/or Ethernet connector overhang
  - Add 0.375 inches (8.95 mm) for RP-SMA antenna overhang
- Width: 3.055 inches (77.60 mm)
- Height:
  - 0.799 inches (20.3 mm) with dual USB connector
  - 0.712 inches (18.08 mm) with RJ-45 Ethernet connector

## **Environmental information**

#### **ConnectCore 9C**

- Operating temperature: -40° C to +85° C (-40° F to +185° F)
- Storage temperature: -40° C to +125° C (-40° F to 257° F)
- Relative humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)
- Altitude: 12,000 ft (3657.6 m)

#### ConnectCore Wi-9C

- Operating temperature: -30° C to +75° C (-22° F to +167° F)
- Storage temperature: -40° C to +125° C (-40° F to 257° F)
- Relative humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)
- Altitude: 12,000 ft (3657.6 m)

Module specification Network interface

### **Network interface**

#### **Ethernet**

■ Standard: IEEE 802.3

■ Physical layer: 10/100Base-T

■ Data rate: 10/100 Mbps (auto-sensing)

■ Mode: Full or half duplex (auto-sensing)

■ On-board connector: RJ-45 with magnetics (optional)

■ 802.3af power pass-through (mid-span and end-span)

#### **WLAN**

■ Standard: IEEE802.11b/g

■ Frequency: 2.4 GHz

■ Data rate: Up to 54 Mbps with fallback

Modulation: DBPSK (1 Mbps), DQPSK (2 Mbps), CCK (11,5.5 Mbps), BPSK (6,9 Mbps), QPSK (12,18 Mbps), 16-QAM (24,36 Mbps), 64-QAM (48,54 Mbps)

■ Transmit power: 16 dBm typical

■ Receive sensitivity:

	MIN	ТҮР
11Mbps	-76 dBm	-87 dBm
54Mbps	-65 dBm	-73 dBm

■ Connector: 1/2 x RP-SMA or 2 x U.FL

## **Power requirements**

#### **ConnectCore 9C**

■ Module: 3.3VDC @ 0.75A max

■ USB interface: 5VDC @ 0.5A max per port (optional)

#### **ConnectCore Wi-9C**

■ Module: 3.3V ± 5% @ 0.95A max, 0.70A typ

■ Optional USB: 5V ± 10% @ 1.0A max

Module specification Real-time clock

#### Power up

The rise time of both the 3.3V power supply and 5V power supply must be between 700  $\mu$ s and 140 ms, and the inrush current must be limited to less than 2A.

### **Real-time clock**

The accuracy of the internal Real-Time Clock on the module's processor is .15%.

## I<sup>2</sup>C signals

The I<sup>2</sup>C signals are multiplexed with GPIO.

### Legend

- SO-DIMM pin #: Pin number assignment for signal
- Signal: Pin name for each signal.
- U/D: Indicates whether the pin has an internal pullup resistor or pulldown resistor.
  - U Pullup
  - D- Pulldown
  - Blank Neither an internal pullup or pulldown resistor
- OD (mA): The output drive of an output buffer.
- I/O: Type of signal input (I), output (O), or input/output (I/O)

## **Signals**

SO-DIMM Pin#	Signal name	GPIO	U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description
55	iic_scl	GPIO[34]	U	4	I/O	I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock line. Duplicate on GPIO[70]
66	iic_sda	GPIO[35]	U	4	I/O	I <sup>2</sup> C serial data line. Duplicate on GPIO[71]
26	iic_scl	GPIO[70]		8	I/O	I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock line. Primary on GPIO[34]
24	iic_sda	GPIIO[71]		8	I/O	I <sup>2</sup> C serial data line. Primary on GPIO[35]

### **USB** interface

#### **USB** host

The USB Host consists of a USB Host controller that conforms to the Open Host Controller Interface (OHCI) specification and a wrapper to interface the module to the rest of the system. The USB Host

Module specification USB interface

interfaces to the internal USB PHY provided by the NS9360, and is connected to an *optional* hub on the module.)

#### **USB** device

The USB Device module provides a USB 2.0-compliant interface for both full-speed (12Mbps) and low-speed (1.5 Mbps) operation. The module supports one bidirectional endpoint and up to 10 unidirectional endpoints that can be individually programmed for endpoint type (interrupt, bulk, or isochronous) and direction. Each endpoint is assigned to a DMA channel in a multi-channel BBus DMA controller. The USB Device module interfaces to either the internal NS9360 USB PHY or an external USB PHY using GPIO.

#### Support

Both USB Host and Device can be supported at the same time:

- USB Device, in this case, must use the only the signals shown in the table in the section USB Device only.
- USB Host can be on the module or external to the module. If USB Host is external to the module, use only the signals shown in the table in the section No USB on module.

Note All output drivers for USB meet the standard USB driver specifications.

#### **USB Host with hub on module**

- Connect up to two ports using the dual USB connector, P6.
- All hub signals out to the SO-DIMM edge connector, P3, are reserved for future use.

#### No USB on module

- USB data lines are brought out on DM1 and DP1.
  - Terminate DM1 and DP1 with 15K pulldowns, if not used.
- OVR1# and PON1# are multiplexed with GPIO16 and GPIO17.
- Can be used as Host or Device (USB PHY is internal)

SO-DIMM pin #	Signal name	I/O	Description
135	DM1	I/O	USB data -
136	DP1	I/O	USB data+
109	OVRH# / gpio16	ı	Overcurrent
111	PONH# / gpio17	0	Power-on

## **USB Device only**

The USB Device interface only requires an external PHY. The USB signals are multiplexed with GPIOs. On the Digi development board, these functions are lost:

Module specification Module reset

■ Serial Port D: TXDD, RXDD, RTSD#, AND CTSD# on GPIO[44], GPIO[45], GPIO[46], and GPIO[47]

- Serial Port C: RTSC# and CTSC# on GPIO[42] and GPIO[43]
- User LED3 and LED4 on GPIO[48] and GPIO[49]

SO-DIMM pin	Signal name	I/O	Description
48	DATA- / GPIO[43]	I/O	USB VM
52	DATA+ / GPIO[42]	I/O	USB VP
47	OE / GPIO[44]	0	USB OE
45	RCV / GPIO[45]	I	USB RCV
43	RXD+ / GPIO[46]	I/O	USB RXP/EMUN
41	RXD- / GPIO[47]	I	USB RXM (unidirectional only)
96	SPD / GPIO[49]	0	USB SPD
98	SUSP / GPIO[48]	0	USB SUSP

### **Module reset**

The module reset pin is on the module SO-DIMM connector, P3 — pin 105, signal RST#.

- Active low signal.
- An ADM811S voltage supervisor is provided to reset the ConnectCore 9C module at any time the power phases out. If +3.3V power supply dips below 2.93 volts, the ADM811S asserts and holds the reset signal.

The ADM811S asserts the hard reset signal, causing the entire system to go into reset. Manual reset input is wired to ADM811S from JTAG header P2.

• The minimum pulse width for reset signal is 10μs.

## Module / SO-DIMM signal characteristics

Note All signal directions are referenced as into or out of the ConnectCore 9C and Wi-9C modules.

## I/O class details

I/O class		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Minimum low-level input current sink
Class 1	Standard LVTTL	10 μΑ	10 μΑ

I/O class	Class description	Minimum high-level input current source	Minimum low-level input current sink
Class 2	LVTTL + internal pullup	10 μΑ	210 μΑ
Class 3	LVTTL + internal pullup+2.4k external pulldown (strapping)	840 μΑ	210 μΑ
Class 4	3.3V LVC BUS HOLD LVTTL I/O	75 μΑ	75 μΑ

# **Signal characteristics**

Pin	Signal name	Internal U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description	I/O class	Notes / Bootstrapping (BS)
1	GND						
2	GND						
3	+3.3V			ı			
4	+3.3V			ı			
5	+3.3V			ı			
6	+3.3V			I			
7	WAKEUP#			I	Wi-9C: Wakeup after sleep mode		Reserved 15K pull-up with a RC filter, (330R & 10nF)
8	UBUFFENR#		24	0	User buffer enable		Holds user buffers off during powerup/down and until boot is done
9	DATA_0		12	ВІ	Data bus signal	4	CSO Parallel Port, see Note 4
10	DATA_1		12	BI	Data bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
11	DATA_2		12	BI	Data bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
12	DATA_3		12	BI	Data bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
13	DATA_4		12	ВІ	Data bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
14	DATA_5		12	BI	Data bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4

Pin	Signal name	Internal U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description	I/O class	Notes / Bootstrapping (BS)
15	DATA_6		12	ВІ	Data bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
16	DATA_7		12	BI	Data bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
17	ADDRESS_0		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
18	ADDRESS_1		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
19	GND						
20	GND						
21	ADDRESS_2		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
22	MFGI_GPIO [72]		8	I/O		1	Reserved - 15K pull-up on the module
23	ADDRESS_3		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
24	GPIO[71]		8	I/O		1	15K pull-up on the module (12C_ SDA)
25	ADDRESS_4		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
26	GPIO[70]		8	I/O		1	15K pull-up on the module (12_ SCL)
27	ADDRESS_5		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
28	GPIO[69]		8	I/O		1	Add 10-15K pull-up if not used.
29	GND						
30	GND						
31	GPIO[27]	U	4	I/O		2	
32	No connect						
33	GPIO[26]	U	4	I/O		2	
34	MFGO_GPIO [67]		8	I/O		1	Reserved - Green module LED
35	GPIO[25]	U	4	I/O		2	

Pin	Signal name	Internal U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description	I/O class	Notes / Bootstrapping (BS)
36	GPIO[66]		8	I/O		1	Reserved - yellow LED + Reset/FF
37	GPIO[24]	U	4	I/O		3	BS: Chip select 1 MSB data width bootstrap select (Default=0, 16- bit width)
38	GPIO[23]	U	4	I/O		2	
39	GND						
40	GND						
41	GPIO[47]	U	2	I/O		2	
42	GPIO[22]	U	4	I/O		2	
43	GPIO[46]	U	2	I/O		2	
44	GPIO[21]	U	4	I/O		2	
45	GPIO[45]	U	2	I/O		2	
46	GPIO[20]	U	8	I/O		3	BS: Chip select 0 data width bootstrap select (Default=0, 16- bit width)
47	GPIO[44]	U	2	I/O		3	BS: Endian mode (Default=0, Big if NOR; 1, Little NAND)
48	GPIO[43]		2	I/O		1	Add 10-15K pull-up if not used
49	GND						
50	GND						
51	GPIO[38]	U	4	I/O		2	
52	GPIO[42]		2	I/O		1	Add 10-15K pull-up if not used
53	GPIO[36]	U	4	I/O		2	
54	GPIO[41]	U	4	I/O		2	
55	GPIO[34]	U	4	I/O		2	
56	GPIO[40]	U	4	I/O		2	
57	GPIO[32]	U	4	I/O		2	
58	GPIO[39]	U	4	I/O		2	
59	GND						
60	GND						

Pin	Signal name	Internal U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description	I/O class	Notes / Bootstrapping (BS)
61	GND						
62	GND						
63	GPIO[30]	U	4	I/O		2	
64	GPIO[37]	U	4	I/O		2	
65	GPIO[28]	U	4	I/O		2	
66	GPIO[35]	U	4	I/O		2	
67	GPIO[15]	U	2	I/O		2	
68	GPIO[33]	U	4	I/O		2	
69	GPIO[14]	U	2	I/O		2	
70	GPIO[31]	U	4	I/O		2	
71	GND						
72	GND						
73	GPIO[13]	U	2	I/O		2	
74	GPIO[29]	U	2	I/O		2	
75	GPIO[12]	U	2	I/O		3	BS: PLL_ND[3] (Default=0, PLL multiplier)
76	GPIO[07]	U	2	I/O		2	Used on NAND modules until UBUFFENR# = 0
77	GPIO[11]	U	2	I/O		2	
78	GPIO[06]	U	2	I/O		2	Used on NAND modules until UBUFFENR# = 0
79	GPIO[10]	U	2	I/O		3	BS: PLL_ND[2] (Default=0, PLL multiplier)
80	GPIO[05]	U	2	I/O		2	
81	GND						
82	GND						
83	GPIO[09]	U	2	I/O		2	
84	GPIO[04]	U	2	I/O		2	BS: PLL_ND[0] (Default=1, PLL multiplier)
85	GPIO[08]	U	2	I/O		3	BS: PLL_ND[1] (Default=0, PLL multiplier)

Pin	Signal name	Internal U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description	I/O class	Notes / Bootstrapping (BS)
86	GPIO[03]	U	2	I/O		2	Used on NAND modules until UBUFFENR# = 0
87	GPIO[19]	U	4	I/O		2	BS: PLL_BYP (This pin must not be pulled to logic 0 during Boot)
88	GPIO[02]	U	2	I/O		3	BS: PLL_FS[1] (Default=1, PLL frequency divide by 2)
89	GPIO[18]	U	4	I/O		2	
90	GPIO[01]	U	2	I/O		2	Used on NAND modules until UBUFFENR# = 0
91	OE#		24	0	Output enable		CSO parallel port, see Note 4
92	GPIO[00]	U	2	1/0		3	BS: PLL_FS[1] (Default=1, PLL frequency divide by 2) Used on NAND modules until UBUFFENR# = 0
93	GND						
94	GND						
95	WE#		24	0	Write enable		CSO parallel port, see Note 4
96	GPIO[49]	U	2	I/O		2	BS: CS_POL (Chip select polarity, 0=Active high, 1=Active low)
97	CS#		24	0	Chip select		CSO parallel port, see Note 4
98	GPIO[48]	U	2	I/O		2	
99	TXB+R			I/O	Ethernet TX B+		Remote if no Ethernet on module, see Note 5
100	TXA+R			I/O	Ethernet TX A+		Remote if no Ethernet on module, see Note 5
101	GND						
102	GND						
103	TXB-R			I/O	Remote Ethernet TX B-		Remote if no ethernet on module, see Note 5
104	TXA-R			I/O	Remote Ethernet TX A-		Remote if no Ethernet on module, see Note 5
105	MODRST#			ı	Reset	1	15K pull-up on module
106	ACT_LED#			I	PHY activity LED		Remote if no Ethernet on module, see Note 5

Pin	Signal name	Internal U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description	I/O class	Notes / Bootstrapping (BS)
107	BOOTMUXR#			0	Boot mux		Reserved
108	LNK_LED			I	PHY link LED		Remote if no Ethernet on module, see Note 5
109	GPIO[16]	U	2	I/O		2	Remote USB Host OVR# if no USB on module, see Note 5
110	ADDRESS_6		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
111	GPIO[17]	U	2	I/O		2	BS: PLL_ND[4] (Default=1, PLL multiplier) Remote USB Host BONH# if no USB on module, see Note 5
112	ADDRESS_7		12	0	Address bus signal	4	CSO parallel port, see Note 4
113	OVR3#			I	USB over- current 3		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5
114	OVR4#			I	USB over- current 4		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5
115	PON3#		4	0	USB power-on		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5
116	PON4#		4	0	USB power-on 4		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5
117	OVR1#			I	USB over- current 1		Reserved
118	OVR2#			I	USB over- current 2		Reserved
119	PON1#		4	0	USB power-on		Reserved
120	PON2#		4	0	USB power-on 2		Reserved
121	GND						
122	GND						
123	DM4			I/O	USB data-4		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5
124	DP4			I/O	USB data+4		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5

Pin	Signal name	Internal U/D	OD (mA)	I/O	Description	I/O class	Notes / Bootstrapping (BS)
125	GND						
126	GND						
127	DM3			I/O	USB data-3		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5
128	DP3			I/O	USB data+3		Remote if Hub on module, see Note 5
129	GND						
130	GND						
131	DM2			I/O	USB data-2		Reserved
132	DP2			I/O	USB data+2		Reserved
133	GND						
134	GND						
135	DM1			I/O	USB data-1		Remote if no USB on module, see Note 5
136	DP1			I/O	USB data+1		Remote if no USB on module, see Note 5
137	GND						
138	GND						
139	+5V			I			Not required for modules without USB
140	+5V			I			Not required for modules without USB
141	+5V			I			Not required for modules without USB
142	+5V			I			Not required for modules without USB
143	GND						
144	GND						

**Note 1:** For internal pullup calculations, see the *NS9360 Hardware Reference* (available through the Jump Start Kit).

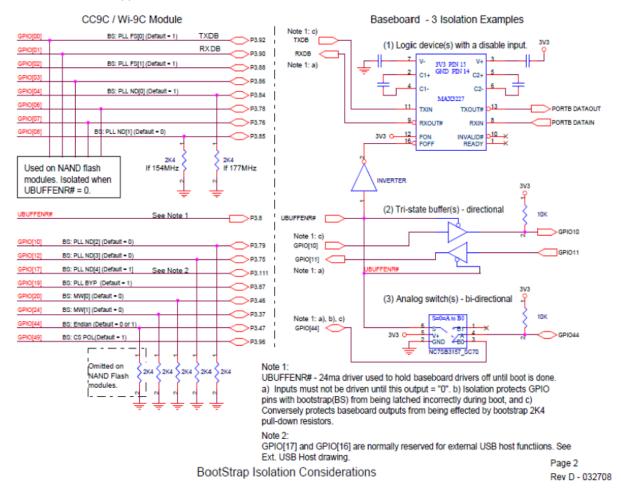
Note 2: All GPIOs, UBUFFENR#, MODRST#, and BOOTMUX# have 22ohms in series.

**Note 3:** GPIOs with internal pull-ups are indicated by a "U" and GPIOs with internal pill-downs are indicated by a "D" under the Internal U/D column .

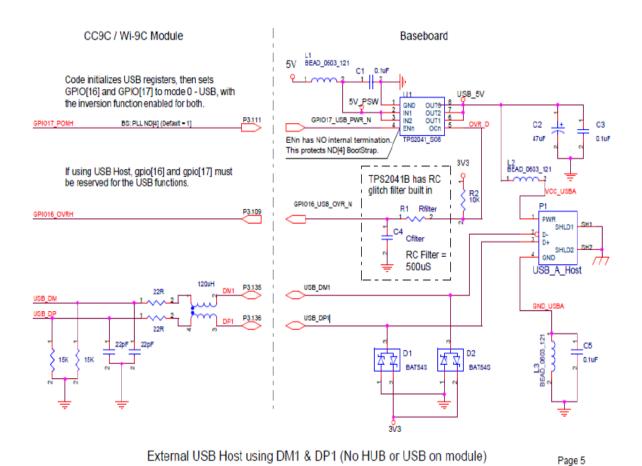
**Note 4:** Detailed information about the DATA\_n, ADDRESS\_n, CS#, WE#, and OE# signals is provided in the application note "CCX9C Parallel Peripheral Port App Note". Additional design information related to GPIO signals with BootStrap and special functions, external Ethernet connector, and external USB

is covered in the document "ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C Baseboard Design Aid". Both documents are available in the corresponding product documentation section at www.digi.com/support.

**Note 5:** For GPIOs with BootStrap, Special function, external Ethernet connector and external USB connector(s) baseboard design examples, see the *cc9c\_wi-9c\_baseboard\_design\_aids* file on the Digi website under support, *ConnectCore 9C* or *ConnectCore Wi-9C* documentation.

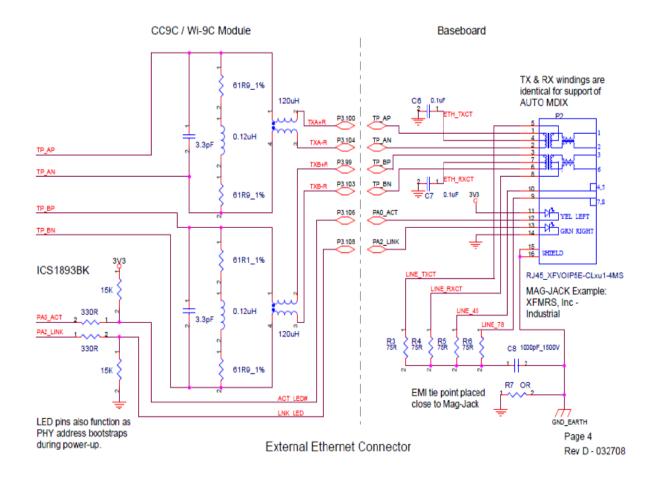


**Note 6:** Earth GND and Signal GND are shorted to a solid GND plane on the molecule. If the baseboard design requires isolation, a module without USB and Ethernet connectors must be used. This module has the Ethernet PHY, but doesn not have the USB Hub. To not connect the mounting hole next to the POE connector to Earth GND. See Note 5 for a design aid file available on the Digi website.



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Module specification Electrical characteristics



## **Electrical characteristics**

The ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C operates at a 3.3V with an additional 5V supply for USB device power.

## **Absolute maximum ratings**

Permanent device damage can occur if the absolute maximum ratings are ever exceeded.

Parameter	Symbol†	Rating	Unit					
DC supply voltage	$V_{DDA}$	-0.3 to +3.6	V					
DC input voltage	V <sub>INA</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>DDA</sub> +0.3	V					
DC output voltage	V <sub>OUTA</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>DDA</sub> +0.3	V					
DC input current	I <sub>IN</sub>	±10	mA					
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 to +125	oC					
† V <sub>DDA</sub> , V <sub>INA</sub> , V <sub>OUTA</sub> : Ra	† V <sub>DDA</sub> , V <sub>INA</sub> , V <sub>OUTA</sub> : Ratings of I/O cells for 3.3V interface							

### **Recommended operating conditions**

Recommended operating conditions specify voltage and temperature ranges over which a circuit's correct logic function is guaranteed. The specified DC electrical characteristics (see DC electrical characteristics) are satisfied over these ranges.

For operating temperatures, see Environmental information.

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
DC supply	+3.3V	+3.0 to +3.6	V
USB DC supply (modules with USB only)	+5V	+4.75 to +5.25	V

### **Power dissipation**

The typical power dissipation for the ConnectCore 9C module is 1.6W.

The *typical power dissipation* for the ConnectCore Wi-9C module at 3.3V, is 2.75W. The *maximum* power dissipation is 3.25W at 3.46V, when the radio is continuously transmitting. Note that these values do not include USB power.

### DC electrical characteristics

DC characteristics specify the worst-case DC electrical performance of the I/O buffers that are guaranteed over the specified temperature range.

### Inputs

All electrical inputs are 3.3V interface.

Note  $V_{SS} = 0V$  (GND)

Sym	Parameter	Condition	Value		Unit
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage: LVTTL level		Min	2.0	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage: LVTTL level		Max	0.8	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	High level input current (no pulldown) Input buffer with pulldown	V <sub>INA</sub> =V <sub>DDA</sub>	Min/Max Min/Max	-10/10 10/200	μΑ μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current (no pullup Input buffer with pullup	V <sub>INA</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>	Min/Max Min/Max	-10/10 10/200	μΑ μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance leakage current	V <sub>OUTA</sub> =V <sub>DDA</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub>	Min/Max	-10/10	μΑ
I <sub>DDS</sub>	Quiescent supply current	V <sub>INA</sub> =V <sub>DDA</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub>	Max	TBD	

## Outputs

All electrical outputs are 3.3V interface.

Sym	Parameter	Value		Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage (LVTTL)	Min	V <sub>DDA</sub> -0.6	٧
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage (LVTTL)	Max	0.4	٧

## **USB internal PHY DC electrical inputs and outputs**

The USB internal PHY DC electrical inputs and outputs are used only when there is no USB configuration on the module.

## **USB internal PHY DC electrical inputs**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Notes
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high level (driven)	2.0		V	
V <sub>IZ</sub>	Input high level (floating)	2.7	3.6	V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low level		0.8	V	
V <sub>DI</sub>	Differential input sensitivity	0.2		V	1
V <sub>CM</sub>	Differential common mode range	0.8	2.5	V	2

#### **Notes:**

- 1. |(usb\_dp) (usb\_dm)|
- 2. Includes V<sub>DI</sub> range.

## **USB internal PHY DC electrical outputs**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Notes
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low level	0.0	0.3	V	1
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high level	2.8	3.6	V	2
V <sub>CRS</sub>	Output signal crossover voltage	1.3	2.0	V	3

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Measured with  $R_L$  of 1.425k ohm to 3.6V.
- 2. Measured with  $R_L$  of 14.25k ohm to GND.
- 3. Excluding the first transition from the idle state.

## **Antenna information**

The ConnectCore Wi-9C module provides use of one of these antenna types:

- 2 dBi Dipole
- 5 dBi Dipole
- 2 dBi PCB mount

Be sure that your antenna choice complies with the regulatory requirements of your region. In North America, for example, you can operate only with antennas approved by Digi International Inc., or antennas matching the specifications of the Digi-approved antennas.

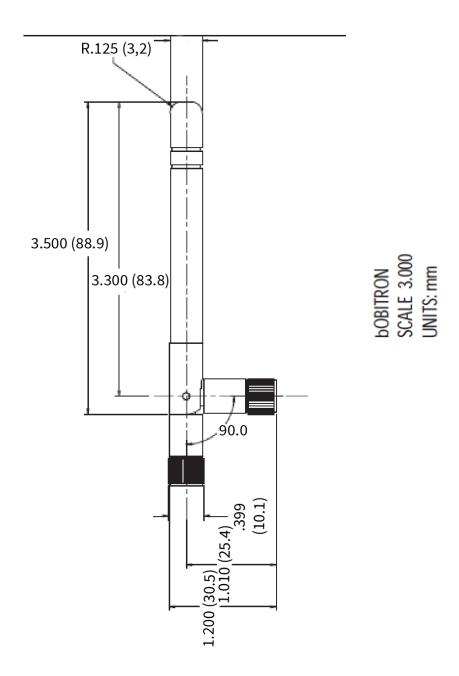
## Antenna specifications — 2 dBi Dipole

#### **Attributes**

Antenna Attribute	2 dBi Dipole		
Frequency	2.4 ~ 2.5GHz		
Power output	2W		
DB gain	2 dBi		
VSWR	< or = 2.0		
Dimension	108.5 mm x 10.0 mm		
Weight	10.5g		
Connector	RP-SMA		
Temperature rating	-40 – +80C		
Part number	DC-ANT-20DP-BG		

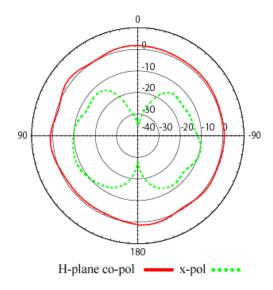
### **Dimensions**

**Note** Dimensions are provided for reference purposes only. The actual antenna might vary.



## Antenna strength (radiation pattern) diagram

This diagram shows the strength of the signal received by the whip antenna on both a horizontal and vertical plane. The diagram shows the magnetic field when the antenna is in a vertical position. The red solid line represents the horizontal plane and the green dotted line represents the vertical plane. You can see in the illustration that at 90 degrees, the signal strength is 0 (as expected).



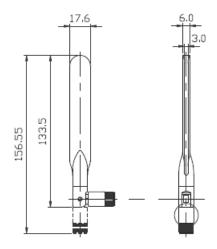
# Antenna specifications — 5 dBi Dipole

## **Attributes**

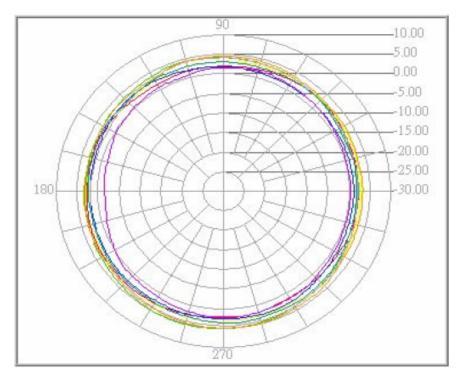
Antenna Attribute	Band 1	Band 2	
Frequency	2.4 ~ 2.5GHz	5.15~5.35 GHz 5.725~5.85 GHz	
Power output	1W		
DB gain	5 dBi (typ)		
VSWR	2.0 max		
Dimension	See the measurements in the drawing after the table		
Weight			
Connector	RP-SMA		
Temperature rating	-50 – +80C		
Part number	DG-ANT-55DP-AG		

## **Dimensions (in mm)**

**Note** Dimensions are provided for reference purposes only. The actual antenna might vary.



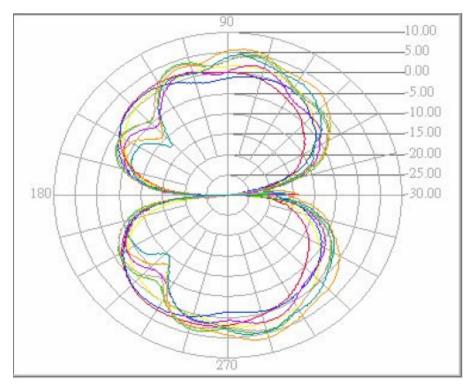
## Radiation pattern: H-Plane (2.0 and 5.0 GHz)



Color	Freq (MHz)	Peak (dBi)	Angle (o)	Avg (dBi)
Yellow	2400.0	3.39	257.68	2.98
Red	2450.00	3.17	214.74	2.37
Blue	2500.00	2.79	288.0	1.96
Purple	5150.00	2.25	280.42	0.82

Color	Freq (MHz)	Peak (dBi)	Angle (o)	Avg (dBi)
Green	5200.00	5.23	252.63	2.71
Light brown	5250.00	4.51	272.84	3.16
Orange	5750.00	5.03	267.79	3.88
Aqua	5850.00	3.83	276.63	2.74

## Radiation pattern: E-plane (2.0 and 5.0 GHz)



Color	Freq (MHz)	Peak (dBi)	Angle (o)	Avg (dBi)
Yellow	2400.0	2.60	283.22	-1.10
Red	2450.00	2.57	240.42	-1.36
Blue	2500.00	1.92	237.27	-1.78
Purple	5150.00	2.37	78.67	-1.91
Green	5200.00	4.80	79.30	0.32
Light brown	5250.00	4.49	79.93	-0.01
Orange	5750.00	6.34	283.85	1.08
Aqua	5850.00	4.67	283.22	-0.46

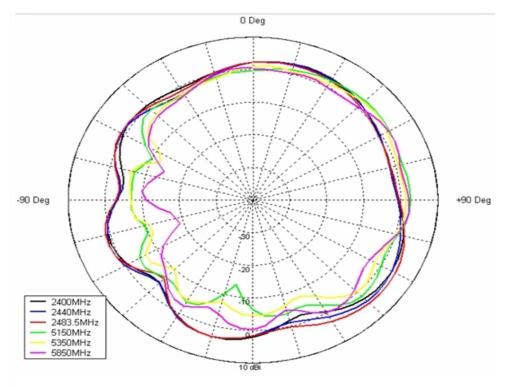
## Antenna specifications — 2 dBi PCB mount

The 2dBi PCB antenna is a surface-mount dual-band antenna.

#### **Attributes**

Antenna Attribute	Band 1	Band 2	
Frequency	2.4 ~ 2.5GHz 4.9 ~ 5.9G		
Power output	10W		
DB gain	>2	dBi	
VSWR	<2.5		
Dimension	24.13 x 10.67 mm		
Weight	<1g		
Connector	U.	FL	
Temperature rating	-40 – +85C		
Part number	DG-ANT-20CG-AG		

### **Radiation patterns**



Color	Frequency	Mean gain	Peak gain
Black	2400	0.70	3.49
Blue	2440	0.73	3.99
Red	2484	1.04	4.76
Green	5150	-1.51	3.03
Yellow	5350	-2.29	2.47
Pink	5850	-2.23	2.51
n/a	Average	-0.85	2.02

### FCC RF radiation exposure statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. End users must follow the specific operating instructions for satisfying RF exposure compliance. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### **Safety statements**

#### To avoid contact with electrical current:

- Never install electrical wiring during an electrical storm.
- Never install an Ethernet connection in wet locations unless that connector is specifically designed for wet locations.
- Use caution when installing or modifying Ethernet lines.
- Use a screwdriver and other tools with insulated handles.
- You and those around you should wear safety glasses or goggles.
- Do not place Ethernet wiring or connections in any conduit, outlet or junction box containing electrical wiring.
- Installation of inside wiring may bring you close to electrical wire, conduit, terminals and other electrical facilities. Extreme caution must be used to avoid electrical shock from such facilities. You must avoid contact with all such facilities.
- Ethernet wiring must be at least 6 feet from bare power wiring or lightning rods and associated wires, and at least 6 inches from other wire (antenna wires, doorbell wires, wires from transformers to neon signs), steam or hot water pipes, and heating ducts.
- Do not place an Ethernet connection where it would allow a person to use an Ethernet device while in a bathtub, shower, swimming pool, or similar hazardous location.
- Protectors and grounding wire placed by the service provider must not be connected to, removed, or modified by the customer.

Module specification Safety statements

- Do not touch uninsulated Ethernet wiring if lightning is likely!
- Do not touch or move the antenna(s) while the unit is transmitting or receiving.
- Do not hold any component containing a radio such that the antenna is very close to or touching any exposed parts of the body, especially the face or eyes, while transmitting.
- Do not operate a portable transmitter near unshielded blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless it is a type especially qualified for such use.

Any *external* communications wiring you may install needs to be constructed to all relevant electrical codes. In the United States this is the National Electrical Code Article 800. Contact a licensed electrician for details.

# **Dimensions and PCB Layouts**

This section shows the dimensions of each module, as well as PCB (printed circuit board) layouts of each.

Module dimensions	115
Overall view	115
Detailed views: Top	
Detailed views: Side	
Detailed views: End	
Detailed views: Bottom	117
PCB layout	118

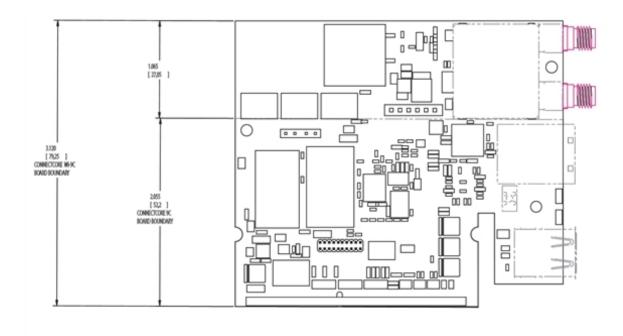
## **Module dimensions**

The next figures show the dimensions of the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module. Dimensions are in inches and millimeters (millimeter size is in brackets []).

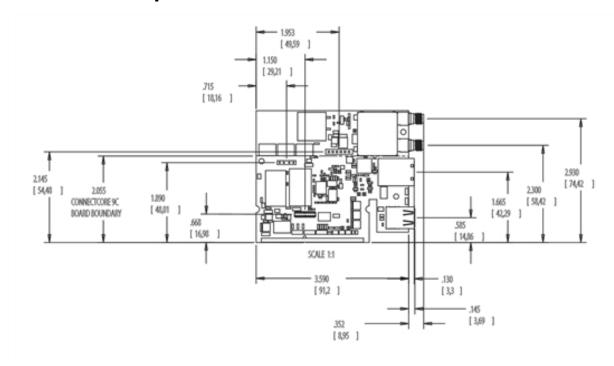
These are the tolerances for the drawings shown in this section:

Measure	Tolerance
.XX	± .02
.XXX	± .010
Angles	± 2 degrees

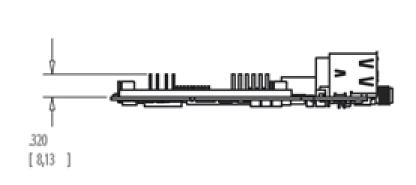
#### **Overall view**



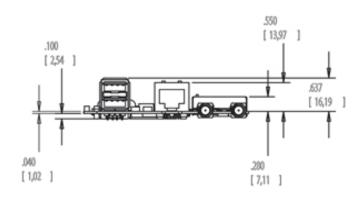
# **Detailed views: Top**



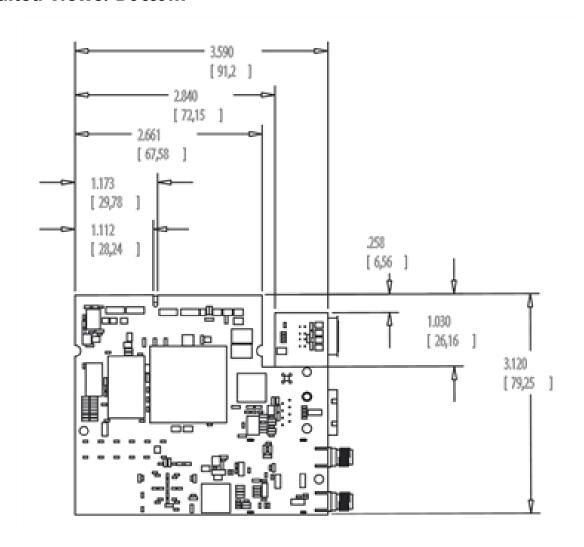
### **Detailed views: Side**



## **Detailed views: End**



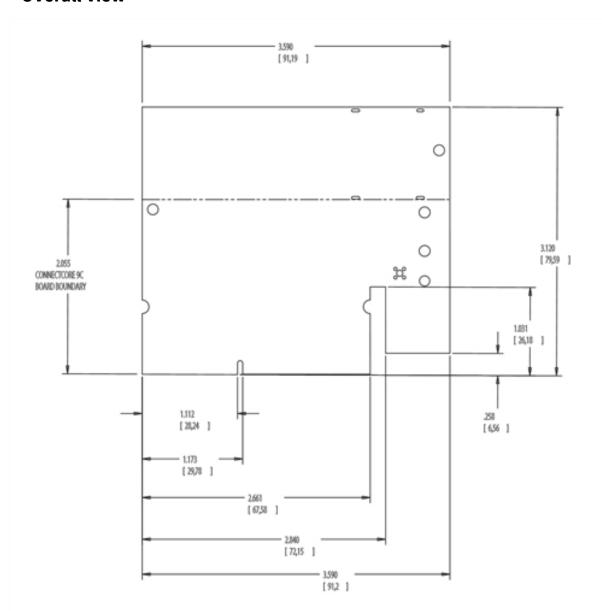
### **Detailed views: Bottom**



## **PCB layout**

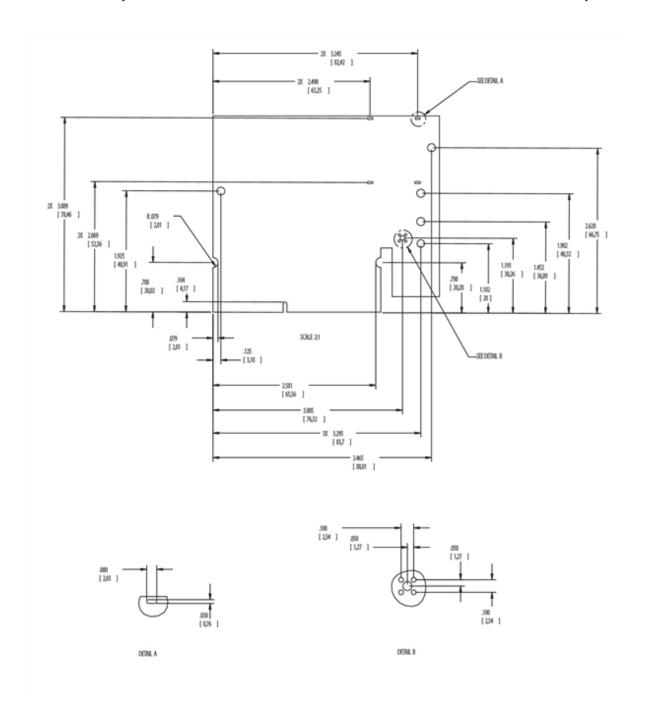
The next figures show the PCB layout of the ConnectCore 9C/Wi-9C module.

#### **Overall view**



#### View with detail

This figure shows the view with detail for the areas marked Detail A and Detail B.



## **Regulatory information**

The ConnectCore 9C and ConnectCore Wi-9C products comply with the standards cited in this section.

#### FCC regulatory information

The ConnectCore 9C and ConnectCore Wi-9C embedded modules have been tested and found to comply with the limits for Class B digital devices pursuant to Part 15 Subpart B, of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try and correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### Labeling requirements (FCC 15.19)

This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

If the FCC ID is not visible when installed inside another device, then the outside of the device into which the module is installed must also display a label referring to the enclosed module FCC ID. THis exterior label can use wording such as the following: "Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: MCQ-50M1355/ IC: 1846A-50M1355."

### **Modifications (FCC 15.21)**

Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by Digi may void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

### **Declaration of Conformity (DoC)**

Digi has issued Declarations of Conformity for the ConnectCore 9/Wi-9C concerning emissions, EMC, and safety. For more information, see <a href="https://www.digi.com/resources/certifications">www.digi.com/resources/certifications</a>.

#### Important note

Digi customers assume full responsibility for learning and meeting the required guidelines for each country in their distribution market. Refer to the radio regulatory agency in the desired countries of operation for more information.

### **CE mark (Europe)**

The ConnectCore 9/Wi-9C is certified for use in several European countries. For information, visit www.digi.com/resources/certifications.

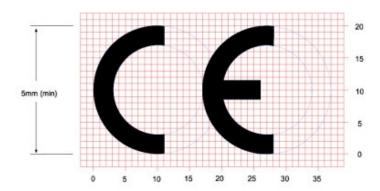
If the ConnectCore 9/Wi-9C is incorporated into a product, the manufacturer must ensure compliance of the final product with articles 3.1a and 3.1b of the RE Directive (Radio Equipment Directive). A Declaration of Conformity must be issued for each of these standards and kept on file as described in the RE Directive (Radio Equipment Directive).

Furthermore, the manufacturer must maintain a copy of the ConnectCore 9/Wi-9C user manual documentation and ensure the final product does not exceed the specified power ratings, antenna specifications, and/or installation requirements as specified in the user manual. If any of these specifications are exceeded in the final product, a submission must be made to a notified body for compliance testing to all required standards.

#### **OEM labeling requirements**

The CE marking must be affixed to a visible location on the OEM product.

#### **CE labeling requirements**



The CE mark shall consist of the initials "CE" taking the following form:

- If the CE marking is reduced or enlarged, the proportions given in the above graduated drawing must be respected.
- The CE marking must have a height of at least 5mm except where this is not possible on account of the nature of the apparatus.
- The CE marking must be affixed visibly, legibly, and indelibly.

Regulatory information Industry Canada

#### **Industry Canada**

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le present appareil numerique n'emet pas de bruits radioelectriques depassant les limites applicables aux appareils numeriques de la class B prescrites dans le Reglement sur le brouillage radioelectrique edicte par le ministere des Communications du Canada.

#### **International EMC Standards**

The ConnectCore 9C and ConnectCore Wi-9C meet the following standards:

Standards	ConnectCore 9C	ConnectCore Wi-9C	
Emissions	AS/NZS 3548	AS/NZS 3548 CISPR 22	
		FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FCC ID: MCQ-50M1355)	
		IC RSS 210 (IC:1846A-50M1355)	
Immunity	FCC Part 15 Subpart B ICES-003 EN 55022 EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-4-6 EN 301 489-3 EN 300 328		
Safety	VCC1 EN 55024 UL 60950-1 CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1 EN60950		

# **Maximum power and frequency specifications**

Maximum power: 91.62m W

Frequencies:

13 overlapping channels each 22 MHz wide and spaced at 5 MHz. Centered at 2.412 to 2.472 MHz.